

## 绿藻孔石莼化学成分研究

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**摘要:** 目的 研究绿藻孔石莼 *Ulva pertusa* 的化学成分。方法 采用硅胶、ODS、Diaion HP-20、Sephadex LH-20 等柱色谱和制备 HPLC 等技术进行分离纯化, 根据理化性质和谱学数据鉴定化合物结构。结果 从孔石莼乙醇提取物中分离得到 18 个化合物, 分别鉴定为异植物醇 (1)、3-吲哚甲酸 (2)、1-O-十六碳酰基-3-O-(6'-硫代- $\alpha$ -D-脱氧吡喃葡萄糖基)甘油 (3)、(2S)-1-O-十六碳酰基-3-O-[ $\alpha$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基-(1→2)- $\beta$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基]甘油 (4)、3-甲基亚砜基丙酸 (5)、3-氯丙酸 (6)、酪醇 (7)、对羟基苯甲酸 (8)、对羟基苯乙酸 (9)、6-乙烯基己内酯 (10)、黑麦草内酯 (11)、向日葵香波龙大柱酮 D (12)、壬二酸 (13)、琥珀酸 (14)、8-羟基-(6E)-辛烯酸 (15)、3-乙氧基丙酸 (16)、正丁基- $\beta$ -D-吡喃果糖苷 (17)、焦谷氨酸正丁酯 (18)。结论 化合物 1~16 为首次从孔石莼中分离得到, 化合物 5、6、10、15 和 16 为首次从天然产物中分离得到, 化合物 17 和 18 为提取过程中产生的  $\beta$ -D-吡喃果糖苷和焦谷氨酸人工产物。

**关键词:** 绿藻; 孔石莼; 3-甲基亚砜基丙酸; 3-氯丙酸; 6-乙烯基己内酯; 8-羟基-(6E)-辛烯酸; 3-乙氧基丙酸

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## Chemical constituents from green alga *Ulva pertusa*

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**Abstract: Objective** To investigate the chemical constituents from the ethanol extract of *Ulva pertusa*. **Methods** The compounds were isolated and purified by chromatography on silica gel, ODS, Diaion HP-20, Sephadex LH-20, and preparative HPLC methods. Their structures were elucidated on the basis of spectral data. **Results** Eighteen compounds were isolated and identified as isophitol (1), indole-3-carboxylic acid (2), 1-O-palmitoyl-3-O-(6'-sulfo- $\alpha$ -D-quinovopyranosyl) glycerol (3), (2S)-1-O-palmitoyl-3-O-[ $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1→2)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl] glycerol (4), 3-methylsulfoxypropionic acid (5), 3-chloropropionic acid (6), tyrosol (7), 4-hydroxybenzoic acid (8), 4-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (9), 6-vinyl hexanolide (10), loliolide (11), annuionone D (12), azelaic acid (13), succinic acid (14), 8-hydroxy-(6E)-octenoic acid (15), 3-ethoxypropionic acid (16), *n*-butyl  $\beta$ -D-fructopyranoside (17), and *n*-butyl pyroglutamate (18). **Conclusion** Compounds 1—16 are isolated from this alga for the first time, and compounds 5, 6, 10, 15, and 16 are obtained from natural products for the first time. Compounds 17 and 18 are artifacts of isolation from  $\beta$ -D-fructopyranoside and pyroglutamic acid.

**Key words:** green alga; *Ulva pertusa* Kjellm; 3-methylsulfoxypropionic acid; 3-chloropropionic acid; 6-vinyl hexanolide; 8-hydroxy-(6E)-octenoic acid; 3-ethoxypropionic acid

绿藻门石莼科(Ulvaceae)石莼属 *Ulva* Linnaeus 植物孔石莼 *Ulva pertusa* Kjellm 生长在西太平洋沿海, 广泛分布于我国渤海和黄海海域<sup>[1]</sup>。孔石莼藻体碧绿色, 含有多糖、脂类、蛋白质和氨基酸、维

生素、无机矿物元素等营养成分, 其藻体入药, 唐代李珣的《海药本草》中记载“主秘不通, 五鬲气, 并小便不利, 脐下结气”。明朝李时珍的《本草纲目》记载“下水, 利小便”<sup>[2]</sup>。现代药理学研究结果表

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明, 孔石莼多糖具有调血脂<sup>[3]</sup>、抗氧化<sup>[4]</sup>、抗病毒<sup>[5]</sup>、抗辐射<sup>[6]</sup>和免疫调节作用<sup>[7]</sup>, 但对其小分子化学成分的研究报道较少<sup>[2,8-9]</sup>, 从中分离得到的 3-羟基-4,7-香波龙大柱二烯-9-酮 (3-hydroxy-4,7-megastigmadien-9-one) 具有抗炎作用<sup>[10-11]</sup>。本课题组在对大连产海藻化学成分和生理活性研究中, 对采自大连的孔石莼乙醇提取物化学成分进行了研究, 从中分离鉴定了 18 个化合物, 分别为异植物醇 (isophitol, 1)、3-吲哚甲酸 (indole-3-carboxylic acid, 2)、1-O-十六碳酰基-3-O-(6'-硫代- $\alpha$ -D-脱氧吡喃葡萄糖基) 甘油 [1-O-palmitoyl-3-O-(6'-sulfo- $\alpha$ -D-quinovopyranosyl) glycerol, 3]、(2S)-1-O-十六碳酰基-3-O-[ $\alpha$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基-(1→2)- $\beta$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基] 甘油 [(2S)-1-O-palmitoyl-3-O-[ $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl-(1→2)- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl] glycerol, 4]、3-甲基亚砜基丙酸 (3-methylsulf-oxypropionic acid, 5)、3-氯丙酸 (3-chloropropionic acid, 6)、酪醇 (tyrosol, 7)、对羟基苯甲酸 (4-hydroxybenzoic acid, 8)、对羟基苯乙酸 (4-hydroxyphenylacetic acid, 9)、6-乙烯基己内酯 (6-vinyl hexanolide, 10)、黑麦草内酯 (loliolide, 11)、向日葵香波龙大柱酮 D (annuionone D, 12)、壬二酸 (azelaic acid, 13)、琥珀酸 (succinic acid, 14)、8 羟基-(6E)-辛烯酸 [8-hydroxy-(6E)-octenoic acid, 15]、3-乙氧基丙酸 (3-ethoxypropionic acid, 16)、正丁基- $\beta$ -D-吡喃果糖苷 (*n*-butyl  $\beta$ -D-fructopyranoside, 17)、焦谷氨酸正丁酯 (*n*-butyl pyroglutamate, 18)。其中, 化合物 1~16 为首次从孔石莼中分离得到, 化合物 5、6、10、15 和 16 为首次从天然产物中分离得到, 化合物 17 和 18 为提取过程中产生的  $\beta$ -D-吡喃果糖苷和焦谷氨酸人工产物。

## 1 仪器与材料

JEOL AL-400 核磁共振波谱仪 (日本电子株式会社); JEOL JMS-700 质谱仪 (日本电子株式会社); NPL-500 制备液相色谱输液泵 (日本精密科学株式会社); Shodex RI-102 制备液相色谱示差折光检测器 (日本昭光电工株式会社); COSMOSIL Silica 5SL-II Waters 色谱柱 (250 mm×20 mm, 10  $\mu$ m, 日本 *Nacalai tesque* 株式会社); PEGASIL ODS 色谱柱 (250 mm×20 mm, 10  $\mu$ m, 日本 Senshu 科学株式会社); DOCOSIL ODS 色谱柱 (250 mm×10 mm, 5  $\mu$ m, 日本 Senshu 科学株式会社); Wakopak Navi C30-5 色谱柱 (250 mm×10 mm, 5  $\mu$ m, 日本

和光纯药工业株式会社); 柱色谱用大孔吸附树脂 Diaion HP-20 (日本三菱工业株式会社); 柱色谱用硅胶 (日本关东化学株式会社); 柱色谱用 ODS (日本 Senshu 科学株式会社); 柱色谱用凝胶 Sephadex LH-20 (美国 Pharmacia 公司); 薄层色谱用 ODS 色谱板 (RP<sub>18</sub> F<sub>254</sub>, 德国默克公司); CDCl<sub>3</sub>, CD<sub>3</sub>OD 和 DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (日本和光纯药工业株式会社); 色谱纯甲醇 (日本和光纯药工业株式会社); 水为重蒸馏水; 其他试剂均为分析纯。

孔石莼 2002 年 10 月采集于辽宁省大连海域, 经大连大学姚子昂教授鉴定为绿藻门石莼属植物孔石莼 *Ulva pertusa* Kjellm。标本存放于青岛大学药学院, 编号 20021001。

## 2 提取与分离

取孔石莼 27 kg, 加 5 倍量乙醇回流提取 2 次, 每次 4 h, 滤过, 滤液减压回收乙醇得总提取物 1.8 kg。取总提取物 1.2 kg, 加水 3 000 mL 使溶解, 依次用正己烷、醋酸乙酯和正丁醇振摇萃取 4 次, 每次 2 000 mL, 萃取液减压回收, 得正己烷分离部位 137.9 g、醋酸乙酯分离部位 25.7 g、正丁醇分离部位 20.2 g。

取正己烷分离部位, 经硅胶柱色谱, 以正己烷-醋酸乙酯 (20:1、10:1、5:1、1:1、1:3)、醋酸乙酯、醋酸乙酯-甲醇 (5:1、1:1)、甲醇梯度洗脱, 得分离组分 Fr. 1~24。Fr. 6 (180 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 DOCOSIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇) 得化合物 1 (11.4 mg)。Fr. 14 (7.0 g) 经 Sephadex LH-20 柱色谱, 以醋酸乙酯-甲醇 (1:1) 洗脱, 得分离组分 Fr. 14-1~14-3。Fr. 14-3 (20 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 DOCOSIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 95:5) 得化合物 2 (3.1 mg)。Fr. 23 (1.8 g) 经 Sephadex LH-20 柱色谱, 以甲醇洗脱和 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 80:20 洗脱得化合物 3 (452 mg) 和 4 (29.0 mg)。

取醋酸乙酯分离部位, 经硅胶柱色谱, 以正己烷-醋酸乙酯 (9:1、7:1、5:1、3:1、1:1)、醋酸乙酯、醋酸乙酯-甲醇 (9:1、7:1、3:1、1:1)、甲醇梯度洗脱, 得分离组分 Fr. 1~20。Fr. 2 (734 mg) 经 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 40:60 洗脱得分离组分 Fr. 2-1~2-2。Fr. 2-1 (214 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 40:60) 得化合物 5 (28.4 mg) 和 6 (134 mg)。Fr. 5 (951 mg) 经 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 (40:60) 洗

脱得分离组分 Fr. 5-1~5-10。Fr. 5-3 (310 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 30:70) 和正相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 COSMOSIL Silica 5SL-II Waters, 流动相为正己烷-醋酸乙酯 3:2) 得化合物 7 (23.8 mg)、8 (12.5 mg)、9 (10.2 mg) 和 10 (14.8 mg), Fr. 5-4 (48 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 30:70) 得化合物 11 (9.5 mg), Fr. 5-5 (30 mg) 和 5-6 (51 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 45:55) 得化合物 12 (12.0 mg) 和 13 (9.9 mg)。Fr. 6 (1.0 g) 经 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 (40:60) 洗脱得分离组分 Fr. 6-1~6-6, Fr. 6-3 (119 mg) 和 Fr. 6-6 (68 mg) 经反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 30:70) 得化合物 14 (76.4 mg) 和 15 (20.1 mg)。

取正丁醇分离部位, 经 Diaion HP-20 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水梯度洗脱, 得分离组分 Fr. 1~4。Fr. 1 (1.9 g) 经 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 (45:55) 洗脱和反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 PESASIL ODS, 流动相为甲醇-水 30:70) 得化合物 16 (11.1 mg) 和 17 (2.1 mg)。Fr. 2 (2.6 g) 经 ODS 柱色谱, 以甲醇-水 (45:55) 洗脱和反相制备 HPLC (色谱柱 Navi C30-5, 流动相为甲醇-水 40:60) 得化合物 18 (4.8 mg)。

### 3 结构鉴定

**化合物 1:** 无色油状物, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 296.308 7 [M]<sup>+</sup>, 结合 <sup>1</sup>H- 和 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $C_{20}H_{40}O$  (计算值 296.307 9)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 5.92 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, H-2), 5.20 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 17.6, 1.2 Hz, H-1), 5.04 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 10.8, 1.2 Hz, H-1), 1.28 (3H, s, H-3'), 0.87 (6H, d,  $J$  = 6.8 Hz, H-16, 15'), 0.85 (3H, d,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, H-7' or H-11'), 0.84 (3H, d,  $J$  = 6.8 Hz, H-7' or H-11'); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 145.1 (C-2), 111.4 (C-1), 73.3 (C-3), 42.8 (C-4), 39.5 (C-14), 37.5 (C-8, 10, 12 or C-6), 37.4 (C-6 or C-12), 32.9 (C-11), 32.9 (C-7), 28.10 (C-15), 27.8 (C-3'), 24.9 (C-9 or C-13), 24.6 (C-9 or C-13), 22.8 (C-15', 16), 21.5 (C-5), 19.9 (C-7' or C-11'), 19.8 (C-11' or C-7')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[12]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 1 为异植物醇。

**化合物 2:** 类黄色固体, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 161.047 5 [M]<sup>+</sup>, 结合 <sup>1</sup>H- 和 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $C_9H_7O_2N$  (计算值 161.047 7)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 8.07 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, H-7), 7.93

(1H, s, H-2), 7.43 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, H-4), 7.18 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 12.8, 7.2, 1.6 Hz, H-6), 7.17 (1H, ddd,  $J$  = 12.8, 7.2, 1.6 Hz, H-5); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 169.0 (s, C-10), 137.9 (s, C-8), 133.0 (d, C-2), 127.3 (s, C-9), 123.2 (d, C-6), 122.0 (d, C-5), 121.8 (d, C-7), 112.6 (d, C-4), 108.7 (s, C-3)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[13]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 2 为 3-吲哚甲酸。

**化合物 3:** 无色胶状物, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 579 [M + Na]<sup>+</sup>, 结合 <sup>1</sup>H- 和 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $C_{25}H_{48}O_{11}SNa$ 。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 4.79 (1H, d,  $J$  = 4.0 Hz, H-1'), 4.21 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 13.6, 6.4 Hz, H-1), 4.09 (3H, overlapped, H-1, 2, 5'), 4.05 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 13.2, 3.2 Hz, H-3), 3.64 (1H, t,  $J$  = 9.2 Hz, H-3'), 3.42 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 9.2, 4.0 Hz, H-2'), 3.41 (1H, overlapped, H-3), 3.35 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 14.4, 2.0 Hz, H-6'), 3.09 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 9.2, 9.2 Hz, H-4'), 2.92 (1H, dd,  $J$  = 14.4, 8.8 Hz, H-6'), 2.37 (2H, t,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, H-2''), 1.61 (2H, m, H-3''), 1.29 (24H, brs, H-4''~15''), 0.90 (3H, t,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, H-16''); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, 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(C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'), 34.9 (C-2''), 33.0 (C-14''), 30.8~30.2 (C-4'', 5'', 6'', 7'', 8'', 9'', 10'', 11'', 12'', 13''), 26.0 (C-3''), 23.7 (C-15''), 14.4 (C-16'')<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 175.4 (C-1''), 100.0 (C-1'), 75.0 (C-3'), 74.8 (C-4'), 73.6 (C-2'), 70.4 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, 5'), 66.5 (C-1), 54.2 (C-6'),

报道基本一致<sup>[15]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物**4**为(2S)-1-O-十六碳酰基-3-O-[ $\alpha$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基-(1→2)- $\beta$ -D-吡喃半乳糖基]甘油。

**化合物5:**无色油状物, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 136.018 8 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S(计算值136.019 4)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) $\delta$ : 3.15(1H, dt,  $J$ =13.2, 6.8 Hz, H-3), 2.96(1H, dt,  $J$ =13.2, 6.8 Hz, H-3), 2.78(1H, t,  $J$ =6.8 Hz, H-2), 2.66(3H, s, H-5); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) $\delta$ : 174.0(C-1), 49.6(C-3), 38.2(C-5), 27.7(C-2)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[16]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**5**为3-甲基亚砜基丙酸。

**化合物6:**无色油状物, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 107.998 5 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Cl(计算值107.997 8)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) $\delta$ : 3.75(2H, m, H-3), 2.76(2H, m, H-2); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) $\delta$ : 173.6(C-1), 40.2(C-3), 38.3(C-2)。根据以上数据鉴定化合物**6**为3-氯丙酸。

**化合物7:**白色固体, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 138.068 0 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>(计算值138.068 1)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 9.11(1H, brs, 4-OH), 6.97(2H, d,  $J$ =8.4 Hz, H-2, 6), 6.64(2H, d,  $J$ =8.4 Hz, H-3, 5), 4.54(1H, brs, 8-OH), 3.51(2H, t,  $J$ =7.2 Hz, H-8), 2.58(2H, t,  $J$ =7.2 Hz, H-7); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 155.3(C-4), 129.5(C-2, 6), 129.3(C-1), 114.8(C-3, 5), 62.5(C-8), 38.2(C-7)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[17]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**7**为酪醇。

**化合物8:**无色固体, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 138.032 2 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>3</sub>(计算值138.031 7)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 7.78(2H, d,  $J$ =8.4 Hz, H-2, 6), 6.82(2H, d,  $J$ =8.4 Hz, H-3, 5); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 166.9(C-7), 161.3(C-4), 131.2(C-2, 6), 121.2(C-1), 114.9(C-3, 5)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[18]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**8**为对羟基苯甲酸。

**化合物9:**无色固体, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 152.048 0 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>(计算值152.047 3)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 7.03(2H, d,  $J$ =8.3 Hz, H-2, 6), 6.69(2H, d,  $J$ =8.3 Hz, H-3, 5), 3.41(2H, s, H-7); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 172.8(C-8), 155.7

(C-4), 130.0(C-2, 6), 124.9(C-1), 114.8(C-3, 5), 39.8(C-7)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[18]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**9**为对羟基苯乙酸。

**化合物10:**黄色油状物, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 140.082 9 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>(计算值140.083 7)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 5.79(1H, m, H-7), 5.13(1H, dt,  $J$ =17.6, 1.2 Hz, H-8), 4.98(1H, dt,  $J$ =10.8, 1.2 Hz, H-8), 3.90(1H, m, H-6), 2.19(2H, t,  $J$ =7.2 Hz, H-2), 1.49(2H, m, H-3), 1.37(2H, m, H-5), 1.33(1H, m, H-4); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) $\delta$ : 173.9(C-1), 142.2(C-7), 112.6(C-8), 70.6(C-6), 36.5(C-5), 33.6(C-2), 24.7(C-3, 4)。根据以上数据鉴定化合物**10**为6-乙烯基己内酯。

**化合物11:**无色固体, HR-EI-MS  $m/z$ : 196.110 6 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>3</sub>(计算值196.109 9)。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) $\delta$ : 5.69(1H, s, H-7), 4.33(1H, m, H-3), 2.47(1H, dt,  $J$ =14.0, 2.4 Hz, H-4), 1.98(1H, dt,  $J$ =14.4, 2.4 Hz, H-2), 1.79(3H, s, H-11), 1.78(1H, dd,  $J$ =14.0, 4.0 Hz, H-4), 1.53(1H, dd,  $J$ =14.4, 4.0 Hz, H-2), 1.47(3H, s, H-9), 1.27(3H, s, H-10); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) $\delta$ : 182.4(C-6), 171.8(C-8), 112.8(C-7), 86.7(C-5), 66.8(C-3), 47.3(C-2), 45.6(C-4), 36.0(C-1), 30.7(C-10), 27.0(C-11), 26.5(C-9)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[19]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**11**为黑麦草内酯。

**化合物12:**无色固体, EI-MS  $m/z$ : 224 [M]<sup>+</sup>,结合<sup>1</sup>H-和<sup>13</sup>C-NMR谱数据推测分子式为C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>。<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) $\delta$ : 7.16(1H, d,  $J$ =15.6 Hz, H-7), 6.17(1H, d,  $J$ =15.6 Hz, H-8), 3.76(1H, m, H-3), 2.29(1H, ddd,  $J$ =14.4, 4.8, 2.0 Hz, H-4a), 1.65(1H, dd,  $J$ =14.4, 8.8 Hz, H-4b), 1.57(1H, ddd,  $J$ =12.8, 3.2, 1.6 Hz, H-2a), 1.28(1H, dd,  $J$ =12.8, 2.8 Hz, H-2b), 2.28(3H, s, H-10), 1.19(3H, s, H-12), 1.18(3H, s, H-13), 0.95(3H, s, H-11); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR(100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) $\delta$ : 200.2(C-9), 145.4(C-7), 133.9(C-8), 70.9(C-6), 68.8(C-5), 64.4(C-3), 47.7(C-2), 41.4(C-4), 36.1(C-1), 29.8(C-12), 27.5(C-10), 25.2(C-11), 20.1(C-13)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[20]</sup>,故鉴定化合物**12**为向日葵香波龙大柱酮D。

**化合物13:**无色固体, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 189 [M+]

$\text{H}_3\text{O}^+$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.28 (4H, d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-2, 8), 1.60 (4H, m, H-3, 7), 1.35 (4H, m, H-4, 6), 1.35 (2H, s, H-5);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 177.3 (C-1, 9), 34.9 (C-2, 8), 30.0 (C-4, 5, 6), 26.0 (C-3, 7)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[21]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 13 为壬二酸。

化合物 14: 无色固体, EI-MS  $m/z$ : 101 [M-OH] $^-$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{O}_4$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 2.56 (2H, s, H-2);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 176.0 (C-1), 29.8 (C-2)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[22]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 14 为琥珀酸。

化合物 15: 无色固体, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 157 [M-H] $^-$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 5.54 (1H, m, H-7), 5.50 (1H, m, H-6), 4.12 (1H, d,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, H-8), 4.12 (1H, d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, H-8), 2.29 (2H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-2), 2.10 (2H, m, H-5), 1.61 (2H, m, H-3), 1.41 (2H, m, H-4);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 177.1 (C-1), 132.1 (C-6), 130.0 (C-7), 58.5 (C-8), 34.7 (C-2), 30.1 (C-4), 28.0 (C-5), 25.6 (C-3)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[23]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 15 为 8-羟基-(6E)-辛烯酸。

化合物 16: 无色固体, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 119 [M-H] $^-$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_3$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 3.68 (2H, t,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, H-3), 3.50 (2H, q,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-4), 2.52 (1H, t,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, H-2), 1.17 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-5);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 175.0 (C-1), 67.2 (C-4), 67.0 (C-3), 35.8 (C-2), 15.4 (C-5)。根据以上数据鉴定化合物 16 为 3-乙氧基丙酸。

化合物 17: 无色固体, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 235 [M-H] $^-$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_6$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 3.91 (1H, d,  $J = 9.6$  Hz, H-3), 3.84 (1H, m, H-5), 3.78 (1H, dd,  $J = 9.6, 3.2$  Hz, H-4), 3.76 (1H, dd,  $J = 12.4, 1.6$  Hz, H-6), 3.75 (1H, d,  $J = 11.2$  Hz, H-1a), 3.70 (1H, d,  $J = 11.2$  Hz, H-1b), 3.66 (1H, dd,  $J = 12.4, 2.0$  Hz, H-6), 3.51 (2H, m, H-1'), 1.56 (2H, m, H-2'), 1.38 (2H, m, H-3'), 0.94 (3H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-4');  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 101.4 (C-2), 71.4 (C-4), 70.9 (C-5), 70.5 (C-3), 65.0 (C-6), 63.4 (C-1), 61.5 (C-1'), 33.3

(C-2'), 20.5 (C-3'), 14.3 (C-4')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[24]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 17 为正丁基- $\beta$ -D-吡喃果糖苷。

化合物 18: 无色固体, FAB-MS  $m/z$ : 186 [M+H] $^+$ , 结合  $^1\text{H}$ - 和  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR 谱数据推测分子式为  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_3\text{N}$ 。 $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 4.28 (1H, dd,  $J = 8.8, 4.4$  Hz, H-5), 4.17 (2H, t,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, H-1'), 2.48 (1H, m, H-4), 2.33 (2H, m, H-3), 2.14 (1H, m, H-4), 1.65 (2H, m, H-2'), 1.41 (2H, qt,  $J = 7.3, 7.3$  Hz, H-3'), 0.95 (3H, t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, H-4');  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 180.6 (C-2), 173.7 (C-6), 66.2 (C-1'), 57.0 (C-5), 31.7 (C-2'), 30.3 (C-3), 25.9 (C-4), 20.1 (C-3'), 14.0 (C-4')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致<sup>[25]</sup>, 故鉴定化合物 18 为焦谷氨酸正丁酯。

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