

鼠曲草的化学成分研究

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摘要: 目的 研究鼠曲草 *Gnaphlium affine* 全草化学成分。方法 运用多种色谱技术分离鼠曲草全草中黄酮苷类成分, 采用波谱技术和理化性质确定化合物的结构。结果 从鼠曲草全草 70%乙醇提取物中分离得到 15 个化合物, 分别鉴定为 3-methoxyphenol-1-*O*- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside (1)、3', 5-dihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-methoxybiphenyl (2)、大黄素甲醚 (3)、松柏醛 (4)、木犀草素-4'-*O*- β -D-葡萄糖苷 (5)、款冬二醇 3-*O*-棕榈酸酯 (6)、白桦脂酸 (7)、伞形香青酰胺 (8)、对羟基桂皮酸甲酯葡萄糖苷 (9)、valene-1(10)-ene-8, 11-diol (10)、longumoside A (11)、大海米菊酰胺 K (12)、槲皮素-3-*O*-芸香糖基-7-*O*-葡萄糖苷 (13)、木犀草素-7-*O*- β -D-葡萄糖基-(1 \rightarrow 6)-[(6'''-*O*-咖啡酸)- β -D-葡萄糖苷] (14)、毛蕊花苷 (15)。

结论 化合物 1、11 为首次从该属植物中得到, 化合物 2、3、6、8、13、14 为首次从该植物中分离得到。

关键词: 鼠曲草; 大黄素甲醚; 松柏醛; 款冬二醇 3-*O*-棕榈酸酯; 伞形香青酰胺; 槲皮素-3-*O*-芸香糖基-7-*O*-葡萄糖苷

中图分类号: R284.1 **文献标志码:** A **文章编号:** 0253-2670(2014)10-1373-05

DOI: 10.7501/j.issn.0253-2670.2014.10.005

Chemical constituents from *Gnaphlium affine*

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Abstract: Objective To investigate the chemical constituents from the stems of *Gnaphlium affine*. **Methods** The constituents were isolated and purified by silica gel, Sephadex LH-20 column chromatography, and preparative TLC. The structures were identified on the basis of spectral data and physicochemical characteristics. **Results** Fifteen compounds were isolated from 70% ethanol extracts of *G. affine* and identified as 3-methoxyphenol-1-*O*- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside (1), 3', 5-dihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-methoxybiphenyl (2), physcion (3), aldehyde (4), luteolin-4'-*O*- β -D-glucoside (5), faradiol 3-*O*-palmitate (6), betulinic acid (7), anabellamide (8), 4-*O*-D-glucopyranosyl-*p*-coumaric acid methyl ester (9), valene-1 (10)-ene-8, 11-diol (10), longumoside A (11), grossamide K (12), quercetin-3-*O*-rutin-7-*O*-glucoside (13), luteolin-7-*O*- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-[(6'''-*O*-caffeoylquinic)- β -D-glucopyranoside] (14), and isoverbascoside (15). **Conclusion** Compounds 2 and 11 are reported from the plants in *Gnaphalium* L. for the first time. Compounds 2, 3, 6, 8, 13, and 14 are isolated from this plant material for the first time.

Key words: *Gnaphlium affine* D. Don; physcion; coniferyl aldehyde; faradiol 3-*O*-palmitate; anabellamide; quercetin-3-*O*-rutin-7-*O*-glucoside

鼠曲草 *Gnaphlium affine* D. Don 又名佛耳草、清明菜, 系菊科鼠曲草属植物, 具有调血脂、降血糖、降血压、抗衰老、抗炎抑菌、增强免疫力等功效^[1]。每年清明节前后, 民间广泛利用鼠曲草嫩尖叶加工饵料, 故有“清明菜”之称。有研究表明, 鼠曲草中含较多的黄酮类化合物。黄酮类化合物具有抗氧化、抗过敏、抗炎、抗菌、抗突变、抗肿瘤、保肝作用, 具有保护心脑血管系统和抗病毒等广泛

的生理活性^[2-5], 且毒性较低, 可以用作食品、化妆品的天然添加剂。目前有关鼠曲草的研究主要集中在黄酮类化合物的提取纯化和药理研究, 但是相关化学成分报道甚少。本实验以鼠曲草全草 75%乙醇提取物为原料, 通过柱色谱等手段, 对其化学成分进行研究, 分离得到 15 个化合物, 分别鉴定为 3-methoxyphenol-1-*O*- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside (1)、3', 5-dihydroxy-2-(4-

收稿日期: 2014-01-19

基金项目: 湖南省重点建设学科经费资助 (2011-42); 湖南省科技计划资助项目 (2013FJ4324)

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hydroxybenzyl)-3-methoxybibenzyl (2)、大黄素甲醚 (physcion, 3)、松柏醛 (aldehyde, 4)、木犀草素-4'-*O*- β -*D*-葡萄糖苷 (luteolin-4'-*O*- β -*D*-glucoside, 5)、款冬二醇 3-*O*-棕榈酸酯 (faradiol 3-*O*-palmitate, 6)、白桦脂酸 (betulinic acid, 7)、伞形香青酰胺 (anabellamide, 8)、对羟基桂皮酸甲酯葡萄糖苷 (4-*O*-*D*-glucopyranosyl-*p*-coumaric acid methyl ester, 9)、valene-1(10)-ene-8, 11-diol (10)、longumoside A (11)、大海米菊酰胺 K (grossamiade K, 12)、槲皮素-3-*O*-芸香糖基-7-*O*-葡萄糖苷 (quercetin-3-*O*-rutin-7-*O*-glucoside, 13)、木犀草素-7-*O*- β -*D*-葡萄糖基-(1 \rightarrow 6)-[(6'''-*O*-咖啡酸)- β -*D*-葡萄糖苷] (luteolin-7-*O*- β -*D*-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-[(6'''-*O*-caffeoylquinic)- β -*D*-glucopyranoside], 14)、毛蕊花苷 (isoverbascoside, 15)。其中, 化合物 1、11 为首次从该属植物中得到; 化合物 2、3、6、8、13、14 为首次从该植物中得到。

1 仪器与材料

RDY—2A 显微熔点仪 (北京中仪友信科技有限公司); Bruker AV—500/300 型核磁共振仪 (美国布鲁克公司); Waters Synapt™ Q—TOF 型质谱仪 (美国 Waters 公司); 柱色谱硅胶 (100~200 目)、薄层色谱硅胶 (GF₂₅₄) 均为青岛海洋化工厂产品; 所用试剂均为分析纯。

鼠曲草产自湖南省怀化市沅陵县, 经怀化学院刘光华讲师鉴定为菊科鼠曲草属植物鼠曲草 *Gnaphalium affine* D. Don 的干燥全草。药材 (HHXY-20110326) 存放于怀化学院生命科学系标本馆。

2 提取与分离

取鼠曲草全草 40 kg, 用 70%乙醇分别加 10 倍量回流提取 2 次, 每次 2 h, 提取液合并后, 减压浓缩, 得浸膏 4.6 kg。将浸膏混悬于水中, 依次用石油醚、氯仿、醋酸乙酯、正丁醇萃取。减压回收溶剂后得石油醚部位 (253 g)、氯仿部位 (659 g)、醋酸乙酯部位 (1 252 g)、正丁醇部位 (1 230 g)。石油醚部位 (253 g) 进行硅胶柱色谱, 石油醚-醋酸乙酯 (1:0 \rightarrow 1:1) 梯度洗脱, 得化合物 1 (12 mg)、2 (15 mg)、3 (23 mg)、4 (24 mg)。氯仿部位 (659 g) 进行硅胶柱色谱, 氯仿-甲醇 (50:1 \rightarrow 0:1) 梯度洗脱, 分为 5 个部分 Fr. 1~5; Fr. 2~4 分别经硅胶柱色谱反复分离, 以氯仿-甲烷 (100:0 \rightarrow 100:16)、石油醚-丙酮 (50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) 梯度洗脱, 然后通过制备液相和重结晶等分离纯化手段得到化合物 5 (23 mg)、6 (18 mg)、7 (65 mg)、8 (32 mg)。

醋酸乙酯部位 (50 g) 经硅胶柱色谱, 二氯甲烷-甲醇 (100:0 \rightarrow 100:16) 梯度洗脱, 得化合物 9 (2 g)、10 (86 mg)、11 (114 mg)、12 (26 mg)。正丁醇部位 (1 230 g) 经大孔吸附树脂柱分离, 乙醇-水梯度洗脱 (30%、50%、70%), 再经硅胶柱色谱分离, 醋酸乙酯-甲醇梯度 (50:1 \rightarrow 1:1) 洗脱, 得化合物 13 (36 mg)、14 (18 mg)、15 (68 mg)。

3 结构鉴定

化合物 1: 无色粉末, ESI-MS *m/z*: 467 [M+Cl]⁻, 分子式为 C₁₉H₂₈O₁₁。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 7.03 (1H, d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, H-2), 7.03 (1H, m, H-4), 6.95 (1H, m, H-5), 7.16 (1H, d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, H-6), 4.86 (1H, d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, H-1'), 3.50 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, H-2'), 3.48 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, H-3'), 3.40 (1H, t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, H-4'), 3.54 (1H, dt, *J* = 6.8, 1.5 Hz, H-5'), 4.02 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.0, 1.5 Hz, H-6'a), 3.62 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.0, 5.1 Hz, H-6'b) 4.72 (1H, d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, H-1''), 3.83 (1H, dd, *J* = 2.8, 1.4 Hz, H-2''), 3.70 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.8 Hz, H-3''), 3.37 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, H-4''), 3.66 (1H, m, H-5''), 1.22 (1H, d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, H-6''); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 147.9 (C-1), 124.2 (C-2), 150.8 (C-3), 113.7 (C-4), 122.3 (C-5), 118.2 (C-6); 102.7 (C-1'), 74.9 (C-2'), 77.9 (C-3'), 71.6 (C-4'), 76.9 (C-5'), 67.7 (C-6'), 102.2 (C-1''), 72.2 (C-2''), 74.0 (C-3''), 72.4 (C-4''), 69.8 (C-5''), 18.0 (C-6'')。以上数据与文献报道一致^[6], 故鉴定化合物 1 为 3-methoxyphenol-1-*O*- α -*L*-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-*O*- β -*D*-glucopyranoside。

化合物 2: 无色针晶 (甲醇), ESI-MS *m/z*: 351 [M+H]⁺, 分子式为 C₂₂H₂₂O₄。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 7.03 (1H, t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, H-5'), 6.87 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H-2'', 6''), 6.63 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H-3'', 5''), 6.57 (1H, dd, *J* = 9.1, 1.0 Hz, H-4'), 6.54 (1H, d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, H-2'), 6.53 (1H, d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, H-6'), 6.33 (1H, d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, H-4), 6.28 (1H, d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, H-6), 3.84 (2H, s, 7''-CH₂), 3.74 (3H, s, 3-OCH₃), 2.71 (2H, m, α -CH₂), 2.55 (2H, m, α' -CH₂); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 160.3 (C-3), 158.4 (C-3'), 157.7 (C-5), 156.1 (C-4''), 145.1 (C-1'), 143.8 (C-1), 134.4 (C-1''), 130.4 (C-5'), 130.1 (C-2'', 6''), 120.9 (C-2'), 120.0 (C-2), 116.4 (C-6'), 116.0 (C-3'', 5''), 113.9 (C-4'), 109.5 (C-6), 98.1 (C-4), 56.1 (3-OCH₃), 38.7 (C- α'), 36.6 (C- α), 30.7 (C-7'')。以上数据与文献报道

基本一致^[7], 故鉴定化合物 **2** 为 3', 5-dihydroxy-2-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-3-methoxybibenzyl。

化合物 **3**: 黄色块状结晶 (氯仿), ESI-MS m/z : 285 $[M+H]^+$ 。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 12.33 (1H, s, 8-OH), 12.13 (1H, s, 1-OH), 7.65 (1H, d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, H-4), 7.39 (1H, d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, H-5), 7.10 (1H, d, $J = 1.0$ Hz, H-2), 6.70 (1H, d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, H-7), 3.94 (3H, s, 6-OCH₃), 2.46 (3H, s, 3-CH₃); ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 190.8 (C-9), 182.1 (C-10), 166.6 (C-6), 165.2 (C-8), 162.5 (C-1), 148.4 (C-3), 135.2 (C-13), 133.2 (C-12), 124.5 (C-2), 121.3 (C-4), 113.7 (C-11), 110.3 (C-14), 108.3 (C-5), 106.8 (C-7), 56.1 (6-OCH₃), 22.2 (3-CH₃)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[8], 故鉴定化合物 **3** 为大黄素甲醚。

化合物 **4**: 白色针晶 (丙酮), mp 82~85 °C。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 9.95 (1H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, H-1), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 15.0$ Hz, H-3), 7.12 (1H, dd, $J = 8.0, 2.0$ Hz, H-6'), 7.07 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2'), 6.96 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, H-5'), 6.59 (1H, dd, $J = 15.0, 7.5$ Hz, H-2), 3.95 (3H, s, 3-CH₃); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 196.4 (C-1), 156.6 (C-4'), 152.7 (C-3), 149.9 (C-3'), 127.5 (C-1'), 126.7 (C-6'), 125.6 (C-2), 117.1 (C-5'), 112.4 (C-2'), 56.7 (3-OCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[9], 故鉴定化合物 **4** 为松柏醛。

化合物 **5**: 黄色粉末。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 12.90 (1H, s, 5-OH), 7.51 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4, 2.1$ Hz, H-6'), 7.50 (1H, brs, H-2'), 7.23 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-5'), 6.82 (1H, s, H-3), 6.48 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, H-8), 6.21 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz, H-6), 4.88 (1H, d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, H-1''), 3.16~3.75 (6H, m, H-2, 6); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 164.6 (C-2), 103.7 (C-3), 181.7 (C-4), 161.4 (C-5), 99.0 (C-6), 163.1 (C-7), 94.1 (C-8), 157.4 (C-9), 104.0 (C-10), 124.7 (C-1'), 113.6 (C-2'), 147.0 (C-3'), 148.6 (C-4'), 116.0 (C-5'), 118.5 (C-6'), 101.2 (C-1''), 73.3 (C-2''), 75.9 (C-3''), 70.0 (C-4''), 77.3 (C-5''), 60.7 (C-6'')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[10], 故鉴定化合物 **5** 为木犀草素-4'-*O*- β -D-葡萄糖苷。

化合物 **6**: 浅黄色油状物; ESI-MS m/z : 703 $[M+Na]^+$, 679 $[M-H]^-$ 。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 4.50 (1H, dd, $J = 11.4, 5.4$ Hz, H-3), 3.45 (1H, dd, $J = 12.0, 4.8$ Hz, H-16), 5.32 (1H, brd, $J = 6.6$ Hz, H-21), 0.73, 0.85, 0.86, 0.88, 1.00, 1.00, 1.06, 1.65 (各 3H,

8 \times -CH₃); 2.30 (2H, t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3'-CH₂), 0.89 (3H, t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 16'-CH₃); ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 38.4 (C-1), 27.2 (C-2), 80.5 (C-3), 37.8 (C-4), 55.4 (C-5), 18.2 (C-6), 34.1 (C-7), 41.1 (C-8), 49.9 (C-9), 37.0 (C-10), 21.6 (C-11), 27.2 (C-12), 38.7 (C-13), 37.5 (C-14), 36.5 (C-15), 76.3 (C-16), 39.9 (C-17), 47.6 (C-18), 35.9 (C-19), 139.7 (C-20), 118.3 (C-21), 34.9 (C-22), 28.0 (C-23), 16.3 (C-24), 16.6 (C-25), 16.6 (C-26), 16.3 (C-27), 16.0 (C-28), 22.4 (C-29), 21.5 (C-30), 173.7 (C-1'), 31.9 (C-2'), 14.5 (C-16')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[11], 故鉴定化合物 **6** 为款冬二醇 3-*O*-棕榈酸酯。

化合物 **7**: 白色无定形粉末, mp 272~274 °C, Liebermann-Burchard 反应呈阳性, ESI-MS m/z : 455 $[M-H]^-$, 分子式为 C₃₀H₄₈O₃。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ : 1.69 (3H, brs, H-30), 0.75, 0.85, 0.95, 0.95, 1.01 (各 3H, brs, H-23, 24, 25, 26, 27), 4.71 (1H, brs, H-29 α), 4.58 (1H, brs, H-29 β); ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃COCD₃) δ : 38.7 (C-1), 27.6 (C-2), 77.7 (C-3), 38.7 (C-4), 55.4 (C-5), 18.2 (C-6), 34.3 (C-7), 40.6 (C-8), 50.5 (C-9), 37.0 (C-10), 20.8 (C-11), 25.5 (C-12), 38.1 (C-13), 42.3 (C-14), 30.4 (C-15), 31.9 (C-16), 55.89 (C-17), 47.06 (C-18), 49.0 (C-19), 150.75 (C-20), 28.6 (C-21), 36.6 (C-22), 15.6 (C-24), 27.3 (C-23), 15.1 (C-25), 15.7 (C-26), 14.1 (C-27), 176.6 (C-28), 109.0 (C-29), 20.8 (C-30)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[12], 故鉴定化合物 **7** 为白桦脂酸。

化合物 **8**: 白色粉末, 分子式 C₃₂H₃₀N₂O₄。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 7.70 (2H, m, H-2, 6), 7.68 (2H, m, H-17, 21), 7.50 (1H, m, H-4), 7.41 (1H, m, H-19), 7.40 (2H, m, H-18, 20), 7.30 (2H, m, H-3, 5), 7.29~7.21 (10H, m, H-3'~7', 3''~7''), 6.64 (1H, d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 14-NH), 6.56 (1H, d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 8-NH), 4.92 (1H, q, $J = 6.7$ Hz, H-9), 4.62 (1H, m, H-13), 4.54 (1H, dd, $J = 11.4, 3.3$ Hz, H-12a), 4.04 (1H, dd, $J = 11.3, 4.3$ Hz, H-12b), 3.30 (1H, dd, $J = 13.8, 6.4$ Hz, H-1'a), 3.21 (1H, dd, $J = 13.9, 7.0$ Hz, H-1'b), 3.00 (1H, dd, $J = 13.7, 6.5$ Hz, H-1''a), 2.89 (1H, dd, $J = 13.7, 8.3$ Hz, H-1''b); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 172.0 (C-10), 167.6 (C-15), 167.3 (C-7), 137.3 (C-2''), 135.9 (C-2'), 134.4 (C-16), 133.5 (C-1), 132.2 (C-19), 131.5 (C-4), 129.4 (C-3', 7'), 129.3 (C-3'', 7''), 129.0 (C-4', 6'), 128.8 (C-18, 20), 128.8 (C-3, 5),

128.6 (C-4", 6"), 127.5 (C-5'), 127.3 (C-17, 21), 127.2 (C-2, 6), 127.0 (C-5"), 65.6 (C-12), 54.6 (C-9), 50.4 (C-13), 37.7 (C-1'), 37.4 (C-1"). 以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[13], 故鉴定化合物 **8** 为伞形香青酰胺。

化合物 **9**: 类黄色无定形粉末, mp 187~189 °C。EI-MS m/z : 341 [M]⁺。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 7.59 (1H, d, J = 16.0 Hz, H- β), 7.50 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz, H-2, 6), 7.06 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz, H-3, 5), 6.35 (1H, d, J = 16.0 Hz, H- α), 4.91 (1H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H-1'), 3.84 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, H-6'), 3.71 (3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.64 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, H-4'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 169.4 (C=O), 160.9 (C-4), 145.8 (C- β), 130.8 (C-2, 6), 129.8 (C-1), 117.0 (C-3, 5), 116.7 (C- α), 101.9 (C-1'), 78.3 (C-5'), 78.0 (C-3'), 74.9 (C-2'), 71.3 (C-4'), 62.5 (C-6'), 52.1 (-OCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[14], 故鉴定化合物 **9** 为对羟基桂皮酸甲酯葡萄糖苷。

化合物 **10**: 针状结晶 (氯仿)。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.38 (1H, t, J = 2.4 Hz, H-1), 3.66 (1H, ddd, J = 5.5, 10.4, 10.4 Hz, H-8), 2.36 (1H, ddd, J = 2.2, 13.0, 10.0 Hz, H-9 α), 2.32 (1H, dd, J = 13.0, 5.5 Hz, H-9 β), 1.96 (2H, m, H-3), 1.76 (1H, m, H-1), 1.74 (1H, m, H-7), 1.41 (2H, m, H-6), 1.34 (1H, t, J = 13.2 Hz, H-4), 1.24 (3H, s, H-12), 1.20 (3H, s, H-13), 0.96 (3H, s, H-15), 0.88 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz, H-14), 0.71 (1H, t, J = 13.2 Hz, H-2); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 140.4 (C-10), 122.1 (C-1), 75.1 (C-11), 74.0 (C-8), 49.0 (C-7), 41.9 (C-9), 40.6 (C-4), 40.0 (C-2), 37.4 (C-5), 30.2 (C-12), 27.1 (C-6), 25.8 (C-3), 23.6 (C-13), 18.4 (C-15), 15.9 (C-14)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[15], 故鉴定化合物 **10** 为 valene-1(10)-ene-8, 11-diol。

化合物 **11**: 红棕色粉末; UV $\lambda_{\max}^{\text{MeOH}}$ (nm): 226.5; HR-ESI-MS m/z : 543.199 0 [M+H]⁺。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 7.41 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, H-9), 7.34 (1H, d, J = 8.1 Hz, H-12), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz, H-17), 7.08 (1H, td, J = 7.2, 1.8 Hz, H-11), 6.98 (1H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, H-10), 5.62 (1H, m, H-19), 5.59 (1H, m, H-5), 5.36 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, H-21), 5.32 (1H, d, J = 17.0 Hz, H-18a), 5.16 (1H, dd, J = 11.0, 1.8 Hz, H-18b), 4.84 (1H, brs, H-3), 4.45 (1H, d, J = 8.1 Hz, H-1'), 3.40 (1H, m, H-6a), 3.05 (1H, m, H-15), 2.63 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, H-6b), 2.50~4.00 (6H, m, H-2'~6', 23), 2.48 (1H, m, H-14b), 2.06 (1H, d, J =

12.4 Hz, H-14a); ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 134.6 (C-2), 54.2 (C-3), 58.0 (C-5), 21.9 (C-6), 108.4 (C-7), 126.7 (C-8), 117.7 (C-9), 118.8 (C-10), 121.1 (C-11), 111.3 (C-12), 135.9 (C-13), 25.9 (C-14), 23.5 (C-15), 107.3 (C-16), 146.9 (C-17), 120.1 (C-18), 133.4 (C-19), 42.8 (C-20), 95.9 (C-21), 165.4 (C-22), 170.8 (C-23), 99.2 (C-1'), 72.7 (C-2'), 77.1 (C-3'), 69.9 (C-4'), 76.7 (C-5'), 60.9 (C-6')。以上数据与文献报道一致^[16], 故鉴定化合物 **11** 为 longumoside A。

化合物 **12**: 白色无定形粉末 (甲醇), 分子式为 C₂₈H₂₉NO₇, ESI-MS m/z : 492 [M+H]⁺。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 5.55 (1H, d, J = 6.4 Hz, H-2), 3.52 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz, H-3), 7.14 (1H, s, H-4), 7.07 (1H, d, J = 1.2 Hz, H-6), 6.94 (1H, d, J = 1.8 Hz, H-2'), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, H-5'), 6.82 (1H, dd, J = 1.8, 8.2 Hz, H-6'), 3.82 (2H, m, H-1"), 7.46 (1H, d, J = 15.7 Hz, H-1'''), 6.42 (1H, d, J = 15.7 Hz, H-2'''), 3.45 (2H, t, J = 8.7 Hz, H-1'''), 2.74 (2H, t, J = 7.3 Hz, H-2'''), 7.04 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz, H-2'''), 6.71 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz, H-3'''), 5.5''''; ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : 88.7 (C-2), 54.9 (C-3), 118.5 (C-4), 130.3 (C-5), 113.3 (C-6), 145.8 (C-7), 151.3 (C-8), 130.9 (C-9), 134.2 (C-1'), 110.6 (C-2'), 149.2 (C-3'), 147.7 (C-4'), 116.2 (C-5'), 119.8 (C-6'), 64.7 (C-1''), 142.0 (C-1'''), 119.8 (C-2'''), 42.6 (C-1'''), 35.8 (C-2'''), 130.9 (C-1'''), 130.7 (C-2'''), 6.5''''; 116.3 (C-3'''), 5.5''''), 157.0 (C-4'''), 56.8 (7-OCH₃), 56.4 (3'-OCH₃), 169.1 (-CONH-)。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[17], 故鉴定化合物 **12** 为大海米菊酰胺 K。

化合物 **13**: 黄色无定形粉末 (甲醇), 分子式为 C₃₃H₃₈O₂₅。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 7.52 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz, H-2'), 6.83 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, H-5'), 7.65 (1H, dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, H-6'), 6.39 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, H-8), 6.18 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, H-6), 5.46 (1H, d, J = 7.6 Hz, Glc-H-1''), 5.32 (1H, d, J = 7.6 Hz, Rha-H-1'''), 4.41 (1H, brs, Rha-H-1'''); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 156.5 (C-2), 133.4 (C-3), 177.5 (C-4), 161.4 (C-5), 98.9 (C-6), 164.3 (C-7), 93.7 (C-8), 156.2 (C-9), 103.9 (C-10), 121.3 (C-1'), 116.1 (C-2'), 148.7 (C-3'), 145.0 (C-4'), 115.3 (C-5'), 122.1 (C-6'), 101.1 (C-1''), 74.1 (C-2''), 76.6 (C-3''), 70.8 (C-4''), 76.0 (C-5''), 65.2 (C-6''), 100.1 (C-1'''), 70.6 (C-2'''), 70.1 (C-3'''), 72.1 (C-4'''), 68.2 (C-5'''), 18.1

(C-6'''), 100.1 (C-1'''), 73.2 (C-2'''), 76.6 (C-3'''), 70.1 (C-4'''), 77.7 (C-5'''), 61.1 (C-6'''). 以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[18], 故鉴定化合物 **13** 为槲皮素-3-O-芸香糖基-7-O-葡萄糖苷。

化合物 **14**: 黄色针状晶体 (甲醇), ESI-MS m/z : 771 [M-H]⁻。 ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 7.44 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4, 2.3$ Hz, H-6'), 7.41 (1H, d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, H-2'), 6.97 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2'''), 6.94 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4, 2.3$ Hz, H-6'''), 6.75 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-6), 6.71 (1H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, H-5'''), 6.68 (1H, s, H-3), 6.53 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-8), 5.02 (1H, d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, H-1''), 4.28 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, H-1'''); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 164.4 (C-2), 103.0 (C-3), 181.9 (C-4), 161.2 (C-5), 99.6 (C-6), 162.8 (C-7), 94.8 (C-8), 156.8 (C-9), 105.3 (C-10), 121.2 (C-1'), 113.5 (C-2'), 145.6 (C-3'), 149.8 (C-4'), 116.0 (C-5'), 119.0 (C-6'), 100.0 (C-1''), 73.1 (C-2''), 76.3 (C-3''), 69.8 (C-4''), 75.4 (C-5''), 69.4 (C-6''), 103.8 (C-1'''), 73.6 (C-2'''), 76.5 (C-3'''), 69.7 (C-4'''), 73.9 (C-5'''), 63.3 (C-6'''), 125.4 (C-1''''), 115.0 (C-2''''), 145.3 (C-3''''), 148.2 (C-4''''), 115.6 (C-5''''), 124.1 (C-6''''), 113.6 (C- α), 145.2 (C- β), 166.5 (C=O), 以上数据与文献报道一致^[19], 故鉴定化合物 **14** 为木犀草素-7-O- β -D-葡萄糖基-(1 \rightarrow 6)-[(6'''-O-咖啡酸)- β -D-葡萄糖苷]。

化合物 **15**: 淡黄色粉末, 分子式为 C₂₉H₃₆O₁₅, mp 132~133 °C。 EI-MS m/z : 624 [M]⁺。 ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 6.63 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2), 6.75 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-5), 6.48 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4, 2.0$ Hz, H-6), 2.7 (2H, m, H-7), 3.38 (2H, m, H-8), 4.34 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, H-1'), 5.02 (1H, brs, H-1''), 1.08 (3H, d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, H-6''), 6.19 (1H, d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, H-2'''), 7.45 (1H, d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, H-3'''), 7.02 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2''''), 6.60 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-5''''), 6.96 (1H, dd, $J = 8.4, 2.0$ Hz, H-6''''); ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 129.3 (C-1), 115.9 (C-2), 143.6 (C-3), 145.0 (C-4), 116.4 (C-5), 119.7 (C-6), 35.1 (C-7), 70.3 (C-8), 102.4 (C-1'), 74.6 (C-2'), 79.2 (C-3'), 70.5 (C-4'), 73.5 (C-5'), 60.8 (C-6'), 101.3 (C-1''), 70.6 (C-2''), 69.2 (C-3''), 71.7 (C-4''), 68.8 (C-5''), 18.2 (C-6''), 165.8 (C-1'''), 114.7 (C-2'''), 145.7 (C-3'''), 125.6 (C-1''''), 113.7 (C-2''''), 148.5 (C-3''''), 145.6 (C-4''''), 115.5 (C-5''''),

121.6 (C-6''')。以上数据与文献报道一致^[20], 故鉴定化合物 **15** 为毛蕊花苷。

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