

云南红豆杉种子的化学成分研究

刘丽华¹, 王丽军², 任天坤³, 史清文³, 张曼丽^{3*}

1. 天津中新药业集团股份有限公司第六中药厂, 天津 300401

2. 唐山市中医院 药剂科, 河北 唐山 063000

3. 河北医科大学药学院 天然药物化学教研室, 河北 石家庄 050017

摘要: 目的 研究云南红豆杉 *Taxus yunnanensis* 种子的化学成分。方法 通过色谱技术进行分离纯化, 利用核磁共振技术鉴定化合物的结构。结果 从云南红豆杉种子中分离得到 12 个紫杉烷类化合物, 分别鉴定为 7-表-10-去乙酰基紫杉醇 (1)、9 α , 10 β -二乙酰基-2 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮 (2)、2 α , 7 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-9 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮 (3)、2 α -乙酰基-9 α , 10 β -二羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯-13-酮 (4)、2 α , 7 β , 9 α , 10 β -四乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基-11, 12-环氧紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮 (5)、7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-烯-13 α -醇 (6)、9-去乙酰基紫杉宁 A (7)、5 α -去桂皮酰基紫杉欧吉酚 (8)、2 α , 5 α , 10 β , 13 α -四乙酰基-1 β , 7 β , 9 α -三羟基-4, 20-环氧紫杉烷-11-烯 (9)、7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-2 α , 5 α , 13 α -三羟基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯 (10)、7, 9, 10, 13-tetra-*O*-deacetylabeobaccatin VI (11)、taxacustin (12)。结论 化合物 2、3、7~12 为首次从该植物中分离得到。

关键词: 云南红豆杉; 紫杉烷; 9 α , 10 β -二乙酰基-2 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮; 9-去乙酰基紫杉宁 A; 5 α -去桂皮酰基紫杉欧吉酚

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Chemical constituents from seeds of *Taxus yunnanensis*

LIU Li-hua¹, WANG Li-jun², REN Tian-kun³, SHI Qing-wen³, ZHANG Man-li³

1. Tianjin Sixth Chinese Medicine Factory, Zhongxin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Tianjin 300401, China

2. Department of Pharmacy, Tangshan Hospital of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Tangshan 063000, China

3. Department of Natural Product Chemistry, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Hebei Medical University, Shijiazhuang 050017, China

Abstract: Objective To study the chemical constituents from the seeds of *Taxus yunnanensis*. **Methods** The chemical constituents in the seeds of *T. yunnanensis* were isolated by chromatography and identified by a comprehensive analysis on the spectral data. **Results** Twelve taxanes were isolated from the seeds of *T. yunnanensis* and identified as 7-*epi*-10-deacetyltaxol (1), 2-deacetoxytaxuspine C (2), 9 α -hydroxy-2 α , 7 α , 10 β -triacetoxy-5 α -cinnamoyloxy-3, 11-cyclotaxa-4(20)-en-13-one (3), 2 α -acetoxy-5 α -cinnamoyloxy-9 α , 10 β -dihydroxy-taxa-4 (20), 11-diene-13-one (4), dantaxusin C (5), taxezopidine H (6), 9-deacetyltaxinine A (7), 5 α -decinnamoyltaxagifine (8), taxumairol B (9), 2 α , 5 α , 13 α -trihydroxy-7 β , 9 α , 10 β -triacetoxy-taxa-4(20), 11-diene (10), 7, 9, 10, 13-tetra-*O*-deacetylabeobaccatin VI (11), and taxacustin (12). **Conclusion** Compounds 2, 3, and 7—12 are isolated from *T. yunnanensis* for the first time.

Key words: *Taxus yunnanensis* W. C. Cheng & L. K. Fu; taxanes; 2-deacetoxytaxuspine C; 9-deacetyltaxinine A; 5 α -decinnamoyltaxagifine

紫杉醇以其独特的抗肿瘤作用机制和对卵巢癌、乳腺癌、Kaposi's 综合征的神奇疗效, 一直是全世界药物工作者的研究热点。由于紫杉醇在树皮中的量极低, 药源供应紧缺, 研究者们对红豆杉属

其他种植物进行了大量的研究, 希望从中发现新的紫杉醇类似物, 或找到紫杉醇的生物合成前体, 从而扩大紫杉醇的药源或寻找开发出新的紫杉烷类抗癌活性成分。尽管文献报道紫杉烷类化合物

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作者简介: 刘丽华 (1964—), 女, 河北昌黎人, 高级工程师, 学士, 主要从事中药分析和药物新品研发工作。

Tel: (022)26950844 13752350077 E-mail: tjlyliu@163.com

*通信作者 张曼丽 (1978—), 女, 副教授, 博士, 主要从事天然产物活性成分研究。Tel: (0311)86265634 E-mail: zhang-manli@163.com

已达到 560 多个^[1], 但是新的紫杉烷类化合物仍然不断地被发现^[2-3]。云南红豆杉 *Taxus yunnanensis* W. C. Cheng & L. K. Fu 主要分布在云南省保山市、腾冲县, 滇西北的大理、中甸、丽江、维西一带, 是我国生产紫杉醇的主要树种。目前对其化学成分研究主要涉及到树皮、心材、枝和叶, 对种子化学成分的研究还未见报道。本课题组长期进行紫杉烷类化学成分研究, 从云南红豆杉种子中分离得到 12 个紫杉烷类化合物, 分别鉴定为 7-表-10-去乙酰基紫杉醇 (7-*epi*-10-deacetyltaxol, **1**)、9 α , 10 β -二乙酰基-2 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮(2-deacetoxytaxuspine C, **2**)、2 α , 7 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-9 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮 [9 α -hydroxy-2 α , 7 α , 10 β -triaceoxy-5 α -cinnamoyloxy-3, 11-cyclotaxa-4(20)-en-13-one, **3**]、2 α -乙酰基-9 α , 10 β -二羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯-13-酮 [2 α -acetoxy-5 α -cinnamoyloxy-9 α , 10 β -dihydroxy-taxa-4(20), 11-diene-13-one, **4**]、2 α , 7 β , 9 α , 10 β -四乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基-11, 12-环氧紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮 (dantaxusin C, **5**)、7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-烯-13 α -醇 (taxezopidine H, **6**)、9-去乙酰基紫杉宁 A (9-deacetyltaxinine A, **7**)、5 α -去桂皮酰基紫杉欧吉酚 (5 α -decinnamoyltaxagifine, **8**)、2 α , 5 α , 10 β , 13 α -四乙酰基-1 β , 7 β , 9 α -三羟基-4, 20-环氧紫杉烷-11-烯 (taxumairol B, **9**)、7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-2 α , 5 α , 13 α -三羟基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯 [2 α , 5 α , 13 α -trihydroxy-7 β , 9 α , 10 β -triaceoxy-taxa-4(20), 11-diene, **10**]、7, 9, 10, 13-tetra-O-deacetylabeobaccatin VI (**11**)、taxacustin (**12**)。其中化合物 **2**、**3**、**7**~**12** 为首次从该植物中分离得到。

1 仪器与材料

Bruker Advance—500 核磁共振仪测定 (瑞士布鲁克公司); 薄层色谱和柱色谱用硅胶均为青岛海洋化工厂生产。薄层显色剂为 10% H₂SO₄ 乙醇溶液, 喷雾后加热显色。

药材于 2009 年采自云南保山, 经河北医科大学王建华教授鉴定为云南红豆杉 *Taxus yunnanensis* W. C. Cheng & L. K. Fu 的种子。样品 (2009-10) 现保存于河北医科大学药学院生药标本室。

2 提取与分离

取粉碎后种子约 2.2 kg, 用 95%乙醇冷浸提取, 每次浸泡时间为 7 d, 共提取 3 次。合并提取液浓缩

得浸膏约 120 g。将浸膏分散于蒸馏水中并加入适量的 NaCl 使达饱和, 石油醚脱脂后, 醋酸乙酯萃取 3 次, 所得醋酸乙酯萃取液分别用 5% HCl 水溶液和 5% Na₂CO₃ 水溶液萃取处理后, 得到云南红豆杉种子的碱性部位约 2.2 g、酚性部位约 2.4 g 及中性部位约 52 g。碱性部位采用硅胶柱色谱法进行分离, 二氯甲烷-甲醇 (9:1) 洗脱, 收集流出液, 薄层检识合并后, 得到 15 个流分 Fr. 1~15。Fr. 11 中析出白色粉末状固体, 为化合物 **1** (10 mg)。中性部位采用硅胶柱色谱法进行分离, 石油醚-醋酸乙酯 (9:1、8:2、7:3、6:4、1:1、2:3) 梯度洗脱, 收集各流出液, 薄层检识合并后, 得到 15 个流分 Fr. 1~15。其中 Fr. 1 析出白色固体, 经丙酮重结晶后得到化合物 **2** (12 mg)。中性部位 Fr. 2 浓缩过程中析出白色固体, 经丙酮重结晶后得到化合物 **3** (8 mg)。浓缩后采用硅胶柱色谱进行分离, 石油醚-醋酸乙酯 (9:1、8:2、7:3) 梯度洗脱, 得到化合物 **4** (12 mg) 和 **5** (10 mg); 中性部位 Fr. 2 母液进行柱色谱分离得到 Fr. 2-2~2-5, 再经制备高效液相色谱分离, 流动相为乙腈-水 (60:40), 得到化合物 **6** (7 mg)。中性部位 Fr. 4~6 合并后采用硅胶柱色谱进行分离, 二氯甲烷-丙酮 (8:2、7:3、6:4) 梯度洗脱, 薄层检识合并, 共得到 14 个流分, 分别经 Sephadex LH-20 色谱, 甲醇洗脱纯化后, 得化合物 **7** (15 mg)、**8** (12 mg) 和 **9** (10 mg)。中性部位 Fr. 10 硅胶柱色谱进行分离, 二氯甲烷-丙酮 (8:2、7:3、1:1) 梯度洗脱, 共得到 10 个流分。分别经 Sephadex LH-20 色谱, 甲醇洗脱纯化后, 得化合物 **10** (15 mg)、**11** (12 mg) 和 **12** (10 mg)。

3 结构鉴定

化合物 **1**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.73 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz, H-2), 3.91 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz, H-3), 4.90 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 3.9 Hz, H-5), 2.32 (2H, m, H-6a, 6b), 3.66 (1H, brdd, J = 12.2, 4.8 Hz, H-7), 4.73 (1H, s, 7-OH), 5.42 (1H, s, H-10), 4.11 (1H, s, 10-OH), 6.23 (1H, m, H-13), 2.38 (1H, m, H-14a), 2.22 (1H, m, H-14b), 1.20 (3H, s, H-16), 1.08 (3H, s, H-17), 1.74 (3H, s, H-18), 1.72 (3H, s, H-19), 4.39 (2H, s, H-20), 8.16 (2H, d, J = 7.7 Hz, Bz-H-2', 6'), 7.52 (2H, t, J = 7.9 Hz, Bz-H-3', 5'), 7.61 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, Bz-H-4'), 4.79 (1H, brs, H-2'), 3.44 (1H, brs, 2'-OH), 5.79 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 2.7 Hz, H-3'), 7.37~7.72 (5H, m, Ar-H-1''~5''); ¹³C-NMR

(125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 79.1 (C-1), 75.4 (C-2), 40.3 (C-3), 81.9 (C-4), 82.6 (C-5), 35.4 (C-6), 75.8 (C-7), 57.1 (C-8), 214.9 (C-9), 77.7 (C-10), 135.5 (C-11), 137.7 (C-12), 72.5 (C-13), 36.3 (C-14), 42.4 (C-15), 26.0 (C-16), 20.5 (C-17), 14.3 (C-18), 16.6 (C-19), 77.7 (C-20), 22.5, 172.3 (OCOCH₃), 166.9 (Ar-CO), 126.5~128.6 (Ar-C), 73.1 (C-2'), 54.9 (C-3'), 166.9 (5'-CO)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[4], 故鉴定化合物 **1** 为 7-表-10-去乙酰基紫杉醇。

化合物 **2**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.01 (1H, m, H-1), 5.15 (1H, d, $J = 4.9$ Hz, H-2), 5.61 (1H, m, H-5), 2.19 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.77 (1H, m, H-6b), 1.78 (1H, m, H-7a), 1.28 (1H, m, H-7b), 5.69 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz, H-9), 5.62 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz, H-10), 3.50 (1H, q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, H-12), 2.79 (1H, d, $J = 20.6$ Hz, H-14a), 2.50 (1H, dd, $J = 20.6, 7.7$ Hz, H-14b), 1.20 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.60 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 1.27 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.40 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.89 (1H, s, H-20a), 5.68 (1H, s, H-20b), 2.05, 2.04 (各 3H, s, 2 \times OCOCH₃), 6.39 (1H, d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, H-2'), 7.67 (1H, d, $J = 16.1$ Hz, H-3'), 7.55 (2H, m, H-5', 9'), 7.37 (3H, m, H-6'~8'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 50.6 (C-1), 75.7 (C-2), 66.4 (C-3), 142.9 (C-4), 76.1 (C-5), 25.6 (C-6), 31.0 (C-7), 44.4 (C-8), 82.1 (C-9), 79.4 (C-10), 58.4 (C-11), 51.8 (C-12), 215.3 (C-13), 38.2 (C-14), 42.7 (C-15), 26.6 (C-16), 29.0 (C-17), 15.5 (C-18), 25.6 (C-19), 127.9 (C-20), 166.0 (C-1'), 117.7 (C-2'), 145.3 (C-3'), 134.5 (C-4'), 128.1 (C-5', 9'), 128.7 (C-6', 8'), 130.1 (C-7'), 21.0 (9, 10-OCOCH₃), 169.8, 171.0 (9, 10-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[5], 故鉴定化合物 **2** 为 9 α , 10 β -二乙酰基-2 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮。

化合物 **3**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.15 (1H, m, H-1), 6.05 (1H, d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, H-2), 5.71 (1H, t, $J = 9.8$ Hz, H-5), 2.67 (1H, ddd, $J = 15.2, 10.4, 4.6$ Hz, H-6a), 2.01 (1H, ddd, $J = 15.2, 8.8, 1.5$ Hz, H-6b), 5.32 (1H, dd, $J = 4.6, 1.5$ Hz, H-7b), 4.52 (1H, dd, $J = 9.4, 2.5$ Hz, H-9), 3.29 (1H, d, $J = 2.5$ Hz, 9-OH), 5.34 (1H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz, H-10), 3.62 (1H, q, $J = 7.7$ Hz, H-12), 2.62 (1H, d, $J = 20.5$ Hz, H-14a), 2.52 (1H, dd, $J = 20.5, 6.8$ Hz, H-14b), 1.24 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.55 (3H, s, 17-CH₃),

1.33 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.42 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.84 (1H, s, H-20a), 5.70 (1H, s, H-20b), 2.16 (3H, s, -OCOCH₃), 2.08 (3H, s, -OCOCH₃), 1.95 (3H, s, -OCOCH₃), 6.34 (1H, d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.66 (1H, d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, H-3'), 7.54 (2H, m, H-5', 9'), 7.38 (3H, m, H-6'~8'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 48.2 (C-1), 75.9 (C-2), 65.7 (C-3), 141.6 (C-4), 74.0 (C-5), 30.8 (C-6), 73.5 (C-7), 48.7 (C-8), 83.6 (C-9), 84.8 (C-10), 58.1 (C-11), 52.5 (C-12), 214.2 (C-13), 38.8 (C-14), 42.9 (C-15), 27.0 (C-16), 28.9 (C-17), 15.9 (C-18), 24.8 (C-19), 128.4 (C-20), 165.3 (C-1'), 117.5 (C-2'), 145.2 (C-3'), 134.1 (C-4'), 128.2 (C-5', 9'), 128.9 (C-6', 8'), 130.3 (C-7'), 21.3, 21.3, 20.9 (2, 7, 10-OCOCH₃), 169.2, 169.7, 172.6 (2, 7, 10-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[6], 故鉴定化合物 **3** 为 2 α , 7 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-9 α -羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基-3, 11-环化紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮。

化合物 **4**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.14 (1H, m, H-1), 5.51 (1H, dd, $J = 6.2, 1.8$ Hz, H-2), 3.36 (1H, d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, H-3), 5.32 (1H, t, $J = 2.7$ Hz, H-5), 1.97 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.74 (1H, m, H-6b), 1.79 (1H, m, H-7a), 1.50 (1H, m, H-7b), 1.18 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, H-9), 4.89 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, H-10), 2.83 (1H, dd, $J = 20.0, 7.0$ Hz, H-14a), 2.42 (1H, d, $J = 20.0$ Hz, H-14b), 1.22 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.70 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 2.16 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.10 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.31 (1H, s, H-20a), 4.84 (1H, s, H-20b), 2.06 (3H, s, 2-OCOCH₃), 6.43 (1H, d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.64 (1H, d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, H-3'), 7.75 (2H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, H-5', 9'), 7.44 (1H, t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, H-6', 8'), 7.39 (1H, m, H-7'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 48.8 (C-1), 69.6 (C-2), 43.0 (C-3), 142.8 (C-4), 78.5 (C-5), 28.3 (C-6), 26.2 (C-7), 44.7 (C-8), 77.6 (C-9), 73.2 (C-10), 155.5 (C-11), 136.2 (C-12), 200.0 (C-13), 36.1 (C-14), 38.7 (C-15), 37.4 (C-16), 25.1 (C-17), 13.9 (C-18), 17.6 (C-19), 116.4 (C-20), 166.6 (C-1'), 117.8 (C-2'), 145.4 (C-3'), 134.7 (C-4'), 128.2 (C-5', 9'), 128.7 (C-6', 8'), 130.3 (C-7'), 21.4, 170.0 (OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[7], 故鉴定化合物 **4** 为 2 α -乙酰基-9 α , 10 β -二羟基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯-13-酮。

化合物 **5**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 1.98 (1H, dd, $J = 8.6, 1.8$ Hz,

H-1), 5.77 (1H, dd, $J=6.0, 1.8$ Hz, H-2), 3.07 (1H, d, $J=6.0$ Hz, H-3), 5.52 (1H, dd, $J=2.0, 3.9$ Hz, H-5), 2.14 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.84 (1H, m, H-6b), 5.64 (1H, dd, $J=11.5, 5.6$ Hz, H-7), 6.02 (1H, d, $J=11.0$ Hz, H-9), 5.46 (1H, d, $J=11.0$ Hz, H-10), 2.68 (1H, dd, $J=20.2, 8.6$ Hz, H-14a), 2.34 (1H, d, $J=20.2$ Hz, H-14b), 0.82 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.83 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 2.10 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.07 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.57 (1H, s, H-20a), 5.10 (1H, s, H-20b), 2.06 (3H, s, 2-OCOCH₃), 2.04 (3H, s, 7-OCOCH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, 9-OCOCH₃), 2.03 (3H, s, 10-OCOCH₃), 6.23 (1H, d, $J=15.9$ Hz, H-2'), 7.69 (1H, d, $J=15.9$ Hz, H-3'), 7.64 (2H, m, H-5', 9'), 7.44 (3H, m, H-6'~8'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 51.3 (C-1), 68.2 (C-2), 41.8 (C-3), 138.6 (C-4), 76.2 (C-5), 34.6 (C-6), 68.8 (C-7), 46.8 (C-8), 75.3 (C-9), 71.2 (C-10), 64.3 (C-11), 59.2 (C-12), 208.2 (C-13), 38.1 (C-14), 38.3 (C-15), 28.9 (C-16), 25.4 (C-17), 15.3 (C-18), 13.5 (C-19), 120.6 (C-20), 165.7 (C-1'), 116.4 (C-2'), 147.0 (C-3'), 134.0 (C-4'), 128.5 (C-5', 9'), 129.2 (C-6', 8'), 130.6 (C-7'), 21.2~20.5 (4 \times OCOCH₃), 169.2~170.4 (4 \times OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[8], 故鉴定化合物**5**为2 α , 7 β , 9 α , 10 β -四乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基-11, 12-环氧紫杉烷-4(20)-烯-13-酮。

化合物**6**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 1.78 (1H, m, H-1), 1.90 (1H, m, H-2a), 1.78 (1H, m, H-2b), 3.05 (1H, d, $J=5.6$ Hz, H-3), 5.52 (1H, dd, $J=2.3, 3.7$ Hz, H-5), 2.05 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.78 (1H, m, H-6b), 5.63 (1H, dd, $J=11.7, 5.0$ Hz, H-7), 5.86 (1H, d, $J=11.0$ Hz, H-9), 6.26 (1H, d, $J=11.0$ Hz, H-10), 4.53 (1H, brdd, $J=9.7, 5.2$ Hz, H-13), 2.81 (1H, dd, $J=15.5, 5.2$ Hz, H-14a), 1.10 (1H, dd, $J=15.5, 5.2$ Hz, H-14b), 0.96 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.56 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 2.39 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 0.85 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.34 (1H, s, H-20a), 5.00 (1H, s, H-20b), 2.05 (3H, s, 7-OAc), 2.02 (3H, s, 9-OAc), 1.98 (3H, s, 10-OAc), 6.68 (1H, d, $J=15.9$ Hz, H-2'), 7.70 (1H, d, $J=15.9$ Hz, H-3'), 7.53 (2H, m, H-5', 9'), 7.37 (3H, m, H-6'~8'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 40.1 (C-1), 27.2 (C-2), 37.7 (C-3), 146.5 (C-4), 75.0 (C-5), 34.0 (C-6), 69.9 (C-7), 46.3 (C-8), 76.7 (C-9), 72.3 (C-10), 134.3 (C-11), 141.8 (C-12), 67.9 (C-13), 36.4 (C-14), 38.8 (C-15), 31.8 (C-16), 26.5 (C-17),

16.0 (C-18), 13.0 (C-19), 115.7 (C-20), 166.2 (C-1'), 117.6 (C-2'), 146.6 (C-3'), 134.3 (C-4'), 128.2 (C-5', 9'), 129.0 (C-6', 8'), 130.4 (C-7'), 21.2, 20.7, 20.9 (3 \times OCOCH₃), 169.2, 169.6, 170.1 (3 \times OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[9], 故鉴定化合物**6**为7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-5 α -桂皮酰基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-烯-13 α -醇。

化合物**7**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.09 (1H, dd, $J=7.1, 1.9$ Hz, H-1), 5.47 (1H, dd, $J=5.9, 1.9$ Hz, H-2), 3.56 (1H, d, $J=5.9$ Hz, H-3), 4.17 (1H, t, $J=2.5$ Hz, H-5), 1.76 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.62 (1H, m, H-6b), 1.70 (1H, m, H-7), 4.28 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz, H-9), 5.88 (1H, d, $J=9.6$ Hz, H-10), 2.75 (1H, dd, $J=19.6, 7.1$ Hz, H-14a), 2.34 (1H, d, $J=7.1$ Hz, H-14b), 1.11 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.63 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 2.21 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.06 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 5.11 (1H, s, H-20a), 4.80 (1H, t, $J=1.4$ Hz, H-20b), 2.13 (3H, s, 2-OCOCH₃), 2.06 (3H, s, 10-OCOCH₃); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 48.7 (C-1), 70.1 (C-2), 40.9 (C-3), 147.5 (C-4), 76.4 (C-5), 30.6 (C-6), 25.2 (C-7), 45.0 (C-8), 75.8 (C-9), 76.6 (C-10), 150.2 (C-11), 138.3 (C-12), 199.7 (C-13), 36.1 (C-14), 37.9 (C-15), 37.0 (C-16), 25.6 (C-17), 14.0 (C-18), 17.5 (C-19), 113.6 (C-20), 21.2 (2-OCOCH₃), 21.4 (10-OCOCH₃), 170.2 (2-OCOCH₃), 169.6 (10-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[6], 故鉴定化合物**7**为9-去乙酰基紫杉宁A。

化合物**8**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 2.36 (1H, brd, $J=11.0$ Hz, H-1), 5.49 (1H, dd, $J=9.5, 2.0$ Hz, H-2), 3.52 (1H, d, $J=9.5$ Hz, H-3), 4.34 (1H, t, $J=2.8$ Hz, H-5), 2.14 (1H, m, H-6 α), 1.60 (1H, m, H-6 β), 5.36 (1H, dd, $J=10.5, 5.0$ Hz, H-7), 4.91 (1H, d, $J=3.5$ Hz, H-9), 5.35 (1H, d, $J=3.5$ Hz, H-10), 2.64 (1H, d, $J=18.5$ Hz, H-14 α), 3.02 (1H, dd, $J=18.5, 11.5$ Hz, H-14 β), 4.15 (1H, d, $J=8.0$ Hz, H-16 α), 3.67 (1H, d, $J=8.0$ Hz, H-16 β), 5.25 (1H, brs, H-20a), 4.45 (1H, brs, H-20b), 4.07 (1H, s, 11-OH), 2.08 (3H, s, 2-OAc), 2.07 (3H, s, 7-OAc), 2.01 (3H, s, 9-OAc), 1.94 (3H, s, 10-OAc), 1.50 (3H, s, H-17), 1.14 (3H, s, H-18), 1.03 (3H, s, H-19); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 49.3 (C-1), 68.7 (C-2), 38.2 (C-3), 144.3 (C-4), 73.2 (C-5), 39.4 (C-6), 68.2 (C-7), 46.7 (C-8), 75.9 (C-9), 63.9 (C-10),

80.3 (C-11), 91.8 (C-12), 205.4 (C-13), 34.9 (C-14), 49.7 (C-15), 82.0 (C-16), 15.6 (C-17), 11.8 (C-18), 13.5 (C-19), 113.1 (C-20), 20.5 (2, 7-OCOCH₃), 21.2 (9-OCOCH₃), 21.3 (10-OCOCH₃), 168.4 (10-OCOCH₃), 172.3 (2-OCOCH₃), 169.8 (9-OCOCH₃), 168.4 (10-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献对照一致^[10], 故鉴定化合物 **8** 为 5 α -去桂皮酰基紫杉欧吉酚。

化合物 **9**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.33 (1H, d, J = 3.3 Hz, H-2), 3.07 (1H, d, J = 3.3 Hz, H-3), 4.20 (1H, t, J = 2.8 Hz, H-5), 2.04 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.89 (1H, m, H-6b), 4.26 (1H, dd, J = 11.4, 4.3 Hz, H-7), 4.60 (1H, d, J = 10.6 Hz, H-9), 6.02 (1H, d, J = 10.6 Hz, H-10), 6.05 (1H, m, H-13), 2.50 (1H, dd, J = 15.2, 10.0 Hz, H-14a), 1.87 (1H, m, H-14b), 1.23 (3H, s, 16-CH₃), 1.52 (3H, s, 17-CH₃), 2.15 (3H, s, 18-CH₃), 1.39 (3H, s, 19-CH₃), 3.47 (1H, d, J = 5.3 Hz, H-20a), 2.32 (1H, d, J = 5.3 Hz, H-20b), 2.18 (3H, s, 13-OCOCH₃), 2.13 (3H, s, 2-OCOCH₃), 2.09 (3H, s, 9-OCOCH₃), 2.04 (3H, s, 10-OCOCH₃); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 75.9 (C-1), 72.5 (C-2), 40.1 (C-3), 58.3 (C-4), 78.0 (C-5), 32.9 (C-6), 69.5 (C-7), 46.5 (C-8), 78.3 (C-9), 74.0 (C-10), 136.1 (C-11), 140.3 (C-12), 71.0 (C-13), 38.4 (C-14), 43.3 (C-15), 28.3 (C-16), 21.9 (C-17), 15.3 (C-18), 13.4 (C-19), 49.8 (C-20), 20.8 (10-OCOCH₃), 21.1 (2-OCOCH₃), 21.2 (9-OCOCH₃), 21.6 (13-OCOCH₃), 168.8 ~ 171.2 (2, 9, 10, 13-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[11], 故鉴定化合物 **9** 为 2 α , 5 α , 10 β , 13 α -四乙酰基-1 β , 7 β , 9 α -三羟基-4, 20-环氧紫杉烷-11-烯。

化合物 **10**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 1.94 (1H, m, H-1), 4.19 (1H, brd, J = 5.3 Hz, H-2), 3.15 (1H, d, J = 5.3 Hz, H-3), 4.31 (1H, m, H-5), 1.98 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.64 (1H, m, H-6b), 5.50 (1H, m, H-7), 5.71 (1H, d, J = 10.8 Hz, H-9), 6.10 (1H, d, J = 10.8 Hz, H-10), 4.34 (1H, m, H-13), 2.72 (1H, dd, J = 16.0, 9.3 Hz, H-14a), 1.33 (1H, dd, J = 16.0, 4.6 Hz, H-14b), 0.93 (3H, s, H-16), 1.57 (3H, s, H-17), 2.26 (3H, s, H-18), 0.97 (3H, s, H-19), 5.47 (1H, brs, H-20a), 5.30 (1H, brs, H-20b), 2.04 (3H, s, OCOCH₃), 2.01 (3H, s, OCOCH₃), 1.96 (3H, s, OCOCH₃); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 50.8 (C-1), 68.6 (C-2), 42.3 (C-3), 144.0 (C-4), 75.0

(C-5), 38.3 (C-6), 70.1 (C-7), 47.7 (C-8), 75.8 (C-9), 72.2 (C-10), 132.8 (C-11), 142.2 (C-12), 68.0 (C-13), 32.0 (C-14), 36.9 (C-15), 32.4 (C-16), 26.0 (C-17), 16.9 (C-18), 13.0 (C-19), 117.5 (C-20), 20.6, 21.9, 21.3 (OCOCH₃×3), 167.2, 169.7, 168.5 (7, 9, 10-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献对照一致^[12], 故鉴定化合物 **10** 为 7 β , 9 α , 10 β -三乙酰基-2 α , 5 α , 13 α -三羟基紫杉烷-4(20), 11-二烯。

化合物 **11**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 6.06 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz, H-2), 3.01 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz, H-3), 4.88 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz, H-5), 2.57 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.84 (1H, m, H-6b), 4.21 (1H, t, J = 8.4 Hz, H-7), 4.69 (1H, s, OH-7), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 9.9, 3.6 Hz, H-9), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 3.6 Hz, 9-OH), 4.55 (1H, dd, J = 9.9, 4.4 Hz, H-10), 4.11 (1H, d, J = 4.4 Hz, 10-OH), 4.58 (1H, m, H-13), 2.25 (1H, dd, J = 14.7, 7.4 Hz, H-14a), 1.76 (1H, dd, J = 14.7, 6.7 Hz, H-14b), 3.63 (1H, s, 15-OH), 1.05 (3H, s, H-16), 1.10 (3H, s, H-17), 1.94 (3H, s, H-18), 1.86 (3H, s, H-19), 4.44 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, H-20a), 4.08 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, H-20b), 2.20 (3H, s, OCOCH₃), 8.00 (2H, d, J = 7.3 Hz, Bz-H-2', 6'), 7.45 (2H, t, J = 8.1 Hz, Bz-H-3', 5'), 7.59 (1H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, Bz-H-4'); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 67.6 (C-1), 68.6 (C-2), 44.5 (C-3), 80.4 (C-4), 84.9 (C-5), 37.2 (C-6), 72.3 (C-7), 42.6 (C-8), 80.6 (C-9), 68.6 (C-10), 137.3 (C-11), 146.8 (C-12), 77.6 (C-13), 39.7 (C-14), 76.5 (C-15), 27.7 (C-16), 24.9 (C-17), 11.3 (C-18), 12.2 (C-19), 74.7 (C-20), 22.4 (4-OCOCH₃), 171.0 (4-OCOCH₃), 166.1 (Ar-CO), 129.9 (C-1'), 129.6 (C-2', 6'), 128.6 (C-3', 5'), 133.5 (C-4')。以上数据与文献报道一致^[13], 故鉴定化合物 **11** 为 7, 9, 10, 13-tetra-*O*-deacetylabeobaccatin VI。

化合物 **12**: 白色粉末状固体 (丙酮)。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 5.88 (1H, brs, H-2), 3.07 (1H, d, J = 7.6 Hz, H-3), 4.90 (1H, d, J = 8.1 Hz, H-5), 2.49 (1H, m, H-6a), 1.84 (1H, m, H-6b), 5.36 (1H, t, J = 7.3 Hz, H-7), 5.72 (1H, brd, J = 10.0 Hz, H-9), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 10.0 Hz, H-10), 3.50 (1H, brs, 10-OH), 4.48 (1H, m, H-13), 1.70 (1H, brs, 13-OH), 2.12 (1H, m, H-14a), 1.48 (1H, dd, J = 14.9, 7.2 Hz, H-14b), 1.03 (3H, s, H-16), 1.20 (3H, s, H-17), 1.92 (3H, s, H-18), 1.63 (3H, s, H-19), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 6.9 Hz, H-20a),

4.38 (1H, d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, H-20b), 2.00~2.14 (各 3H, s, 2, 4, 7, 9-OCOCH₃); ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ : 66.7 (C-1), 68.1 (C-2), 43.8 (C-3), 79.8 (C-4), 84.9 (C-5), 34.7 (C-6), 70.1 (C-7), 43.3 (C-8), 79.2 (C-9), 66.5 (C-10), 138.6 (C-11), 145.4 (C-12), 77.5 (C-13), 39.5 (C-14), 76.7 (C-15), 27.6 (C-16), 25.9 (C-17), 11.0 (C-18), 12.9 (C-19), 74.8 (C-20), 21.2~22.2 (2, 4, 7, 9-OCOCH₃)。以上数据与文献报道一致^[14], 故鉴定化合物 **12** 为 taxacustin。

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