

绣球防风化学成分的研究

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摘要: 目的 对绣球防风 *Leucas ciliata* 的化学成分进行研究。方法 利用正相硅胶、RP-18 柱色谱、葡聚糖凝胶 Sephadex LH-20 等方法进行分离纯化, 根据波谱数据鉴定化合物的结构。结果 从绣球防风乙醇提取物中分离得到 12 个化合物, 通过光谱数据分析, 分别鉴定为苜蓿素 (1)、crisilineol (2)、胡萝卜昔 (3)、stigmast-5-ene-11-ol-3-O-β-glucoside (4)、5, 7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-4-chromanone (5)、3', 5', 5, 7-tetramethoxy-4'-O-β-glucoside flavone (6)、5-hydroxy-3', 4'-dimethoxy-7-O-β-glucoside flavone (7)、acteoside (8)、3, 4-dihydroxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→2'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (9)、3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→6'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (10)、leucasin A (11A) 和 leucasin B (11B)。结论 化合物 11A 和 11B 为一对差向异构体, 并且为新化合物, 其余 10 个化合物均为首次从该属植物中分离得到。

关键词: 绣球防风; 差向异构体; leucasin A; leucasin B; 苜蓿素

中图分类号: R284.1 文献标志码: A 文章编号: 0253 - 2670(2012)01 - 0027 - 05

Chemical constituents of *Leucas ciliata*

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Abstract: Objective To study the chemical constituents from *Leucas ciliata*. **Methods** Silica gel, RP-18, and Sephadex LH-20 column chromatography techniques were used for separation and purification of the compounds and extensive spectral analysis spectrum were employed for structural elucidation. **Results** Twelve compounds were isolated from ethanol extract of *L. ciliata* and identified as tricin (1), crisilineol (2), sitosterol-3-O-glucoside (3), stigmast-5-ene-11-ol-3-O-β-glucoside (4), 5, 7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-4-chromanone (5), 3', 5', 5, 7-tetramethoxy-4'-O-β-glucoside flavone (6), 5-hydroxy-3', 4'-dimethoxy-7-O-β-glucoside flavone (7), acteoside (8), 3, 4-dihydroxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→2'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (9), 3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→6'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (10), leucasin A (11A), and leucasin B (11B). **Conclusion** Compounds 11A and 11B are epimers and new compounds, and the other ten compounds are obtained from the plants of *Leucas* R. Br. for the first time.

Key words: *Leucas ciliata* Benth.; epimer; leucasin A; leucasin B; tricin

绣球防风又名绣球草、蜜蜂草、紫药, 为唇形科植物绣球防风 *Leucas ciliata* Benth. 的全草^[1], 在我国主要分布于西南地区及广西。根据明代《滇南本草》记载, 其味苦性辛, 凉、淡, 平, 无毒。破血通经, 明目退翳, 解毒消肿。治妇女血瘀经闭, 小儿雀目, 青盲翳障, 痘痘肿毒、杀疳虫。本课题组对防风绣球全草进行了系统的化学成分研究, 从

中分离得到了 12 个化合物, 分别鉴定为苜蓿素 (tricin, 1)、crisilineol (2)、胡萝卜昔 (sitosterol-3-O-glucoside, 3)、stigmast-5-ene-11-ol-3-O-β-glucoside (4)、5, 7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-4-chromanone (5)、3', 5', 5, 7-tetramethoxy-4'-O-β-glucoside flavone (6)、5-hydroxy-3', 4'-dimethoxy-7-O-β-glucoside flavone (7)、acteoside (8)、3, 4-dihydroxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→2'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (9)、3-hydroxy-4-methoxy-β-phenylethoxy-O-α-L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→6'')-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4''-O-caffeyl-β-D-glucopyranoside (10)、leucasin A (11A) 和 leucasin B (11B)。

收稿日期: 2011-06-03

基金项目: 西南林业大学园林学院园林植物与观赏园艺重点实验室资助项目

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L-arabinopyranosyl-(1"''→2")- α -*L*-rhamnopyranosyl-(1"''→3")-4"-*O*-caffeooyl- β -*D*-glucopyranoside (**9**)、3-hydroxy-4-methoxy- β -phenylethoxy-*O*-[α -*L*-arabinopyranosyl-(1"''→6")- α -*L*-rhamnopyranosyl-(1"''→3")-4"-*O*-caffeooyl- β -*D*-glucopyranoside (**10**)、leucasin A (**11A**) 和 leucasin B (**11B**)。12 个化合物均为首次从该属植物中分离得到, 其中化合物 **11A** 和 **11B** 为一对新差向异构体。

1 仪器与材料

核磁共振谱用 Bruker AM—500 核磁波谱仪测定, TMS 为内标。质谱用英国 VG 公司 Auto Spec—3000 型测定。柱色谱硅胶 (200~300 目), TLC 所用薄层色谱硅胶 GF₂₅₄ 和硅胶 G 为青岛海洋化工厂产品。Sephadex LH-20 为 Pharmacia 公司产品, RP-18 填料为 Merck 公司产品, MCI 填料 CHP-20P 为 70~150 μm , 显色剂为 5% 硫酸乙醇溶液。

绣球防风药材采自昆明金殿后山, 由中国科学院昆明植物所李锡文研究员鉴定为绣球防风 *Leucas ciliata* Benth., 标本 (20060621) 保存于中国科学院昆明植物研究所植物化学实验室罗士德研究组。

2 提取与分离

绣球防风干样品 8 kg, 用 70% 乙醇热提取 3 次 (4、4、3 h), 分别用石油醚、醋酸乙酯、正丁醇 (3 L) 各萃取 3 次。醋酸乙酯部分 (102 g) 再分别用硅胶柱色谱 (氯仿-甲醇 1:0→0:1) 得 Fr. 1~6, Fr. 2 (30 g) 用 MCI 脱叶绿素、滤过后经 Sephadex LH-20 分离, 得到化合物 **1** (50 mg)、**2** (13 mg)、**3** (5.2 g)、**4** (15 mg); Fr. 3 (15 g) 用 MCI 脱叶绿素后, 滤过得化合物 **5** (3.1 g); 正丁醇部分 (107 g) 再分别用硅胶柱色谱 (氯仿-甲醇 1:0→0:1) 分离, 得 Fr. 7~12, Fr. 8 (10 g) 用 MCI 脱叶绿素后, 滤过得化合物 **6** (45 mg), 过 Sephadex LH-20 得 **7** (5 mg); Fr. 9 (11 g) 经 MCI 脱色, 过 Sephadex LH-20、RP-18 (水-甲醇 1:0→0:1) 后, 用小色谱柱, 氯仿-甲醇 (1:0→8:2) 进行洗脱, 得化合物 **8** (45 mg)、**11A** 和 **11B** (67 mg); Fr. 10 (12 g) 过正相色谱柱、Sephadex LH-20, 用 RP-18 (水-甲醇 1:0→0:1) 进行洗脱, 得到 168 mg 物质, 再过 Sephadex LH-20, 用氯仿-甲醇 (1:0→8:2) 进行洗脱, 得到化合物 **9** (37 mg)、**10** (21 mg)。

3 结构鉴定

化合物 **11A**、**11B** 是一对差向异构体, 为无色

固体, TLC 进行检测, 用氯仿-甲醇 (8.5:1.5) 展开两次, 均为一个紫色斑点, 后变为棕黄色。负离子 FAB-MS 给出准分子离子峰 m/z : 557 [M-H]⁻, 高分辨 HR-FAB-MS 给出相对分子质量为 557.295 5 (计算值为 557.296 1), 结合 ¹H-NMR 和 ¹³C-NMR 谱 (表 1), 确定分子式为 C₂₈H₄₆O₁₁, 在 ¹H-NMR 中, 除了化合物 **11A**、**11B** 的特征质子信号外, 也观察到了葡萄糖的信号和乙酰氧基的信号, 因此推测化合物 **11A**、**11B** 可能为二萜。结合 ¹³C-NMR 谱和 DEPT 谱, 发现 20 个碳信号中, 有 4 个甲基, 7 个亚甲基 (1 个与氧相连), 5 个次甲基 (其中 3 个在低场, 化学位移分别为 δ _C 88.4, δ _C 70.7 表明和氧相连, δ _C 98.7 表明存在半缩醛结构), 4 个季碳 (两个在低场, 化学位移为 δ _C 93.4 和 δ _C 93.1, 说明两个季碳可能在螺环上), 这是 Labdane-type 的二萜, 与已知化合物 marrusindin A and B^[2]相比较, 化合物 **11A**、**11B** 多了一个葡萄糖单元, 少了一个内酯环。结合 HMBC, 发现 δ _H 5.81 (m) 和 δ _C 37.9, 65.4 存在相关, 说明存在一个五元半缩醛环。 δ _H 3.55 和 δ _C 40.4, 26.9, 106.3 存在相关, 说明葡萄糖端基和 C-3 相连。根据偶合常数, 确定葡萄糖为 β 构型。 δ _H 5.69 和 δ _C 48.9, 32.3, 170.3 相关, 说明乙酰氧基在 C-6 位。根据 ROESY 谱 (图 1), δ _H 5.81 和 2.20 相关, δ _H 4.09 和 1.93 相关, 说明化合物 **11A** 为 leucasin A, δ _H 5.03 和 1.93 相关, 其差向异构体 **11B** 结构为 leucasin B。

化合物 **1**: 黄色粉末, C₁₇H₁₄O₇, negative FAB-MS m/z : 329 (100), 301 (24), 258 (19), 139 (20)。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, C₅D₅N) δ : 7.43 (2H, s, H-2', 6'), 6.96 (1H, s, H-3), 6.88 (1H, d, J =1.5 Hz, H-6), 6.74 (1H, d, J =1.6 Hz, H-8), 3.86 (6H, s); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, C₅D₅N) δ : 182.8 (C-4), 165.9 (C-7), 164.7 (C-5), 163.2 (C-2), 158.6 (C-10), 149.4 (C-4'), 142.1 (C-3', 5'), 121.4 (C-1'), 105.2 (C-2', 6'), 105.1 (C-10), 104.5 (C-3), 100.0 (C-6), 95.1 (C-8), 56.6 (-OCH₃), 以上数据与文献报道一致^[3], 故鉴定化合物 **1** 为苜蓿素。

化合物 **2**: 黄色粉末, C₁₈H₁₆O₇, negative FAB-MS m/z : 343 (100), 313 (13), 281 (19), 255 (15), 80 (3)。¹H-NMR (400 MHz, C₅D₅N) δ : 7.75 (1H, d, J =8.4, 1.6 Hz, H-6'), 7.41 (1H, s, H-3), 7.13 (1H, d, J =8.4 Hz, H-5'), 6.93 (1H, d, J =1.6 Hz, H-2'), 6.84 (1H, d, J =1.8 Hz, H-8), 6.76 (1H, d, J =1.8 Hz, H-6), 3.86 (6H, s); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, C₅D₅N) δ : 182.8

表1 化合物11A和11B的¹H-NMR(400 MHz, C₅D₅N)和¹³C-NMR(100 MHz, C₅D₅N)数据
Table 1 ¹H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR (400 MHz and 100 MHz, C₅D₅N) data of compounds 11A and 11B

碳位	11A		11B	
	δ_{H}	δ_{C}	δ_{H}	δ_{C}
1	2.71 (m, -CH ₂)	30.6	2.49 (m, -CH ₂)	30.1
2	2.36 (m), 2.29 (m)	26.9	2.36 (m), 2.29 (m)	26.8
3	3.55 (dd, $J = 11.6, 3.6$ Hz)	88.6	3.38 (dd, $J = 11.4, 3.8$ Hz)	88.4
4	—	40.4	—	40.4
5	1.92 (d, 2.0)	48.9	1.80 (m)	48.5
6	5.69 (m)	70.7	5.69 (m)	70.7
7	2.07 (m, overlap, -CH ₂)	32.3	2.07 (m, overlap, -CH ₂)	31.3
8	1.94 (m)	31.9	1.91 (m)	31.6
9	—	92.9	—	90.8
10	—	43.0	—	42.8
11	2.04 (m), 1.66 (m)	29.7	2.04 (m), 1.66 (m)	28.3
12	1.93 (m), 1.66 (m, overlap)	37.3	1.93 (m), 1.66 (m, overlap)	37.3
13	—	93.4	—	93.1
14	2.20 (m, -CH ₂)	37.9	2.72 (m, -CH ₂)	35.4
15	5.81 (m)	101.3	5.03 (brs)	98.7
16	4.09 (m)	65.4	4.10 (m)	63.8
17	0.87 (m, -CH ₃)	18.0	0.85 (m, -CH ₃)	17.3
18	1.37 (s, -CH ₃)	27.6	1.26 (s, -CH ₃)	27.5
19	1.24 (s, -CH ₃)	20.3	1.24 (s, -CH ₃)	20.1
20	1.31 (s, -CH ₃)	18.3	1.31 (s, -CH ₃)	18.2
1"	4.77 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz)	106.3	4.69 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz)	106.3
2"	3.98 (m, overlap)	75.8	3.97 (m, overlap)	75.7
3"	4.11 (m, overlap)	78.8	4.10 (m, overlap)	78.8
4"	4.17 (m, overlap)	71.7	4.16 (m, overlap)	71.6
5"	3.99 (m, overlap)	78.1	3.96 (m, overlap)	78.0
6"	4.40 (m), 4.32 (m)	62.8	4.39 (m), 4.31 (m)	62.8
1'	—	170.3	—	170.3
2'	2.03 (s, -CH ₃)	21.8	2.03 (s, -CH ₃)	21.8

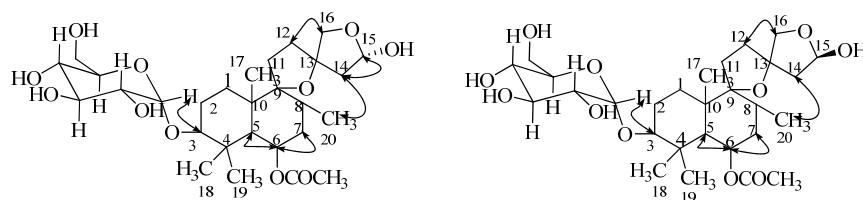


图1 化合物leucasin A(11A)和leucasin B(11B)的ROESY相关
Fig. 1 ROESY correlations of compounds leucasin A (11A) and leucasin B (11B)

(C-4), 166.0 (C-2), 164.2 (C-9), 163.2 (C-7), 158.6 (C-5), 154.3 (C-4'), 153.2 (C-3'), 124.3 (s, C-1'), 106.0 (C-10), 120.7 (C-6'), 112.1 (C-5'), 110.2 (C-2'), 104.9 (C-3), 95.0 (C-8), 56.4 (-OCH₃), 56.1 (-OCH₃), 55.9 (-OCH₃)，以上数据与文献报道一致^[4]，故鉴定化合

物2为crisilineol。

化合物3：白色粉末，分子式C₃₅H₆₀O₆，negative FAB-MS m/z : 575 (90), EI-MS m/z : 414 (6), 396 [M-Glu]⁺ (100), 382 (15), 255 (12), 213 (10), 159 (13), 145 (22)，在TLC上多种溶剂展开时化合物3与胡

萝卜昔对照品薄层行为一致, MS 数据与文献报道相符^[5], 故鉴定化合物 3 为胡萝卜昔。

化合物 4: 白色粉末, $C_{35}H_{60}O_7$, negative FAB-MS m/z : 592 (4), 453 (2), 207 (100), 187 (5), 1H -NMR (400 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 5.36 (1H, brs, H-6), 5.03 (1H, dd, J =7.5, 1.5 Hz, H-1'), 4.55 (d, J =11.4 Hz, H-11), 4.38 (1H, m), 4.32 (1H, m), 4.27 (1H, m), 4.25 (1H, m), 4.23 (1H, m), 4.06 (1H, m), 3.97 (1H, brs, H-7), 0.99 (1H, d, J =5.3 Hz, H-21), 0.88 (1H, t, J =6.5 Hz, H-29), 0.94 (1H, m, H-26), 0.90 (1H, m, H-27), 0.68 (3H, s, H-19); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 141.1 (C-5), 122.1 (C-6), 102.7 (C-1'), 87.7 (C-3), 78.5 (C-5'), 78.4 (C-3'), 75.4 (C-2'), 71.8 (C-4'), 70.8 (C-7), 62.9 (C-6'), 57.0 (C-14), 56.4 (C-17), 46.2 (C-9), 42.7 (C-13), 40.2 (C-4), 39.5 (C-12), 37.7 (C-1), 37.1 (C-20), 36.6 (C-10), 34.2 (C-22), 32.5 (C-2), 32.3 (C-8), 30.4 (C-16), 29.7 (C-25), 24.7 (C-23), 23.6 (C-15), 21.5 (C-28), 20.2 (C-11), 19.6 (C-26), 19.4 (C-19), 19.4 (C-27), 19.2 (C-21), 12.4 (C-29), 12.2 (C-18), 化合物基本结构与胡萝卜昔相同, 只是多一个羟基, 如果羟基在 C-7, 则其化学位移向高场, 与已知化合物 scandenoside R6^[4]比较, 羟基应在 C-11位, 据此确定化合物 4 为 stigmast-5-ene-11-ol-3-O- β -glucoside。

化合物 5: 白色粉末, $[\alpha]_D$ +36.4 °C, $C_{12}H_{14}O_4$, EI-MS m/z : 221 (13), 192 (94), 177 (84), 77 (11)。 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 6.65 (1H, d, J =2.5 Hz, H-8), 6.60 (1H, d, J =2.5 Hz, H-6), 5.53 (1H, brs, H-2), 3.93 (3H, s), 3.84 (3H, s), 2.60 (brs, -CH₃); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ : 169.7 (C-4), 163.1 (C-7), 161.8 (C-5), 156.6 (C-9), 107.8 (C-10), 115.6 (C-6), 98.6 (C-8), 87.5 (C-2), 55.9 (-OCH₃), 55.5 (-OCH₃), 29.7 (C-3), 23.5 (-CH₃), 与已知化合物 5, 7-二羟基-2-甲基-4-二氢色原酮^[4]比较, 化合物 5, 7 位两个羟基被甲氧基所取代, 故确定化合物 5 为 5, 7-dimethoxy-2-methyl-4-chromanone。

化合物 6: 黄色粉末, $C_{24}H_{26}O_{12}$, negative FAB-MS m/z : 505 (70), 343 (100)。 1H -NMR (400 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 7.22 (2H, s, H-2', 6'), 6.94 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-8), 6.65 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-6), 6.63 (1H, s, H-3), 5.23 (1H, d, J =7.1 Hz, H-1'), 4.07 (6H, s), 3.93 (6H, s), 3.71 (1H, m), 3.67 (1H, m), 3.54 (1H, m), 3.50 (1H, m), 3.40 (1H, m), 3.36 (1H, m); ^{13}C -NMR

(100 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 182.6 (C-4), 164.1 (C-2), 163.6 (C-7), 161.4 (C-4'), 157.6 (C-5), 153.8 (C-9, 3', 5'), 126.4 (C-1'), 106.0 (C-10), 105.9 (C-3), 104.5 (C-2', 6'), 100.6 (C-1''), 100.1 (C-6), 95.7 (C-8), 77.8 (C-3''), 76.8 (C-5''), 73.6 (C-2''), 70.0 (C-4''), 61.1 (C-6''), 60.5 (-OCH₃), 56.5 (-OCH₃), 与已知化合物苜蓿素^[3]比较, 化合物多 1 个葡萄糖, 1 个甲氧基。根据波谱数据, 4 个甲氧基分别位于 3'、5'、5、7 位, 鉴定化合物 6 为 3', 5', 5, 7-tetramethoxy-4'-O- β -glucoside flavone。

化合物 7: 黄色粉末, $C_{23}H_{24}O_{11}$, negative FAB-MS m/z : 475 (40), 329 (7)。 1H -NMR (400 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 7.28 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-2'), 7.36 (1H, dd, J =8.5, 2.0 Hz, H-6'), 6.84 (1H, d, J =8.5 Hz, H-5'), 6.94 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-8), 6.65 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-6), 6.64 (1H, s, H-3), 5.31 (1H, d, J =7.2 Hz, H-1'), 4.07 (6H, s), 3.94 (6H, s), 3.72 (1H, m), 3.66 (1H, m), 3.55 (1H, m), 3.51 (1H, m), 3.41 (1H, m), 3.37 (1H, m); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 182.4 (C-4), 166.9 (C-2), 164.8 (C-7), 163.2 (C-5), 157.6 (C-9, 3'), 157.45 (C-4'), 125.5 (C-1'), 121.6 (C-6'), 116.3 (C-5'), 114.1 (C-2'), 105.9 (C-10), 103.5 (C-3), 100.6 (C-1''), 99.9 (C-6), 94.9 (C-8), 77.8 (C-3''), 76.8 (C-5''), 73.4 (C-2''), 70.0 (C-4''), 63.1 (C-6''), 60.5 (-OCH₃), 56.4 (-OCH₃), 由波谱数据可知, 化合物 5、7、3'、4'位有取代基, 与已知化合物香叶木素比较^[3], 3'位羟基被甲氧基取代, 故鉴定化合物 7 为 5-hydroxy-3', 4'-dimethoxy-7-O- β -glucoside flavone。

化合物 8: 白色固体, $C_{29}H_{36}O_{15}$, negative FAB-MS m/z : 623 (100)。 1H -NMR (400 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 8.03 (1H, d, J =15.7 Hz, H- β'), 7.19 (1H, dd, J =8.0, 1.7 Hz, H-6'), 7.18 (1H, d, J =1.7 Hz, H-2'), 7.15 (1H, d, J =8.0 Hz, H-5'), 6.75 (1H, d, J =2.0 Hz, H-2), 6.73 (1H, d, J =15.7 Hz, H- α'), 6.70 (2H, d, J =8.0 Hz, H-5), 6.69 (1H, d, J =8.0, 2.0 Hz, H-6), 4.80 (1H, d, J =7.7 Hz, H-1''), 4.77 (1H, d, J =8.1 Hz, H-1''), 4.52 (1H, m), 4.50 (1H, m), 4.29 (1H, m), 4.27 (1H, m), 4.24 (1H, m), 4.17 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, m), 4.00 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, m), 3.84 (1H, m), 2.89 (2H, t, J =7.5 Hz, H- β), 1.64 (1H, d, J =6.1 Hz, H-6''); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 167.4 (C- γ'), 150.9 (C-3), 147.9 (C-4), 147.3 (C-4'), 147.1 (C- β'), 145.8 (C-3'), 130.6 (C-1), 127.1 (C-1'), 122.7 (C-6'), 120.8 (C-6),

117.7 (C-5), 117.0 (C-5'), 116.8 (C-2), 116.0 (C-2'), 114.9 (C- α'), 104.4 (C-1''), 103.4 (C-1'''), 81.0 (C-2''), 76.5 (C-3''), 76.1 (C-5''), 74.1 (C-4''), 72.8 (C-3'''), 71.6 (C- α), 70.6 (C-5'''), 70.4 (C-4''), 62.3 (C-6''), 36.3 (C- β), 19.5 (C-6''')，以上数据与文献报道一致^[6]，故鉴定化合物**8**为acteoside。

化合物9：淡黄色固体， $C_{34}H_{44}O_{19}$ ，negative FAB-MS m/z : 755 (100), 477 (7), 417 (10)。 1H -NMR (400 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 8.01 (1H, d, J = 15.7 Hz, H- β'), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 2.1 Hz, H-2'), 7.18 (2H, d, J = 8.1, 2.1 Hz, H-5', 6'), 6.73 (2H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, H-5, 6), 6.68 (1H, brs, H-2), 6.71 (1H, d, J = 15.7 Hz, H- α'), 5.16 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz, H-1''), 4.80 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, H-1'''), 4.75 (1H, brs, H-1''''), 4.49 (1H, m), 4.44 (1H, m), 4.26 (1H, m), 4.22 (1H, m), 4.17 (1H, m), 4.12 (1H, m), 4.09 (1H, m), 4.01 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, m), 3.89 (1H, m), 3.71 (1H, d, J = 11.4 Hz, H-6''), 2.96 (2H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, H- β), 1.55 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz, H-6'''); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 167.4 (C- γ'), 150.7 (C-3), 147.8 (C-4), 147.2 (C-4'), 146.9 (C- β'), 145.8 (C-3'), 130.5 (C-1), 127.0 (C-1'), 122.5 (C-6'), 120.6 (C-6), 117.6 (C-2), 116.9 (C-5'), 116.7 (C-5), 115.9 (C-2'), 114.8 (C- α'), 107.7 (C-1'''), 104.4 (C-1'''), 101.8 (C-1''), 82.1 (C-2''), 80.6 (C-3''), 76.4 (C-5''), 75.7 (C-3'''), 74.8 (C-4''), 74.4 (C-2'''), 73.3 (C-2'''), 72.8 (C-3'''), 71.5 (C- α), 70.2 (C-4'), 70.2 (C-5'''), 69.8 (C-4'''), 67.6 (C-5'''), 62.3 (C-6''), 36.3 (C- β), 19.1 (C-6''')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[7]，故鉴定化合物**9**为3, 4-dihydroxy- β -phenylethoxy-O- α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→2'')- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4'-O-caffeyl- β -D-glucopyranoside。

化合物10：淡黄色固体， $C_{36}H_{48}O_{19}$ ，negative FAB-MS m/z : 783 (81), 723 (15), 505 (15)。 1H -NMR (500 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 7.95 (1H, d, J = 15.8 Hz, H- β'), 7.24 (1H, brs, H-2), 7.18 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, H-6'), 7.16 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, H-5'), 6.85 (1H, d, J = 8.1 Hz, H-5), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 15.8 Hz, H- α'), 5.21 (1H, d, J =

7.3 Hz, H-1''), 4.99 (1H, brs, H-1'''), 4.81 (1H, d, J = 4.9 Hz, H-1''''), 4.39 (1H, m), 4.23 (1H, m), 4.11 (1H, m), 4.03 (1H, m), 4.19 (1H, m), 4.11 (1H, m), 4.02 (1H, m), 3.83 (3H, s), 3.59 (3H, s), 1.63 (3H, dd, J = 17.4, 6.3 Hz, H-6'''); ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, C_5D_5N) δ : 167.7 (C- γ'), 151.2 (C-3), 149.1 (C-4'), 148.1 (C-4), 147.3 (C-3'), 146.3 (C- β'), 132.4 (C-1), 126.5 (C-1'), 120.1 (C-6'), 117.6 (C-6), 117.6 (C-5), 116.9 (C-5'), 115.1 (C-2), 114.9 (C-2'), 112.7 (C- α'), 107.7 (C-1'''), 104.7 (C-1''), 104.6 (C-1'''), 82.7 (C-2''), 82.0 (C-3''), 75.5 (C-5''), 75.4 (C-3'''), 74.9 (C-4''), 74.4 (C-2'''), 73.3 (C-2'''), 72.8 (C-3'''), 71.8 (C-4'), 71.3 (C- α), 69.8 (C-5''), 69.7 (C-4'''), 67.5 (C-6''), 64.3 (C-6'), 56.1 (-OCH₃), 56.0 (-OCH₃), 36.2 (C- β), 18.7 (C-6'')。以上数据与文献报道基本一致^[8]，故鉴定化合物**10**为3-hydroxy-4-methoxy- β -phenylethoxy-O-[α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1''''→6'')- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1''''→3'')-4'-O-caffeyl- β -D-glucopyranoside。

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